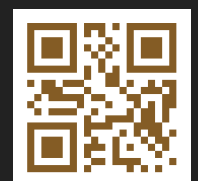




Maple Hotels & Resorts Limited

Annual Reports

2022-23



vestahotels.in

Maple Hotels & Resorts Limited



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chairman

Vivek Goenka

Directors

R. S. Goenka

S. Sureka

D. Mondal

Chief Executive & Financial Officer

S. Pal

Company Secretary

B. K. Parasrampuria

AUDITORS

B M Chatrath & Co LLP

BRANCH AUDITORS

R K Malpani & Associates

BANKERS

Axis Bank Limited
HDFC Bank Limited
IDBI Bank Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Johar Building
P-1 Hide Lane, 9th Floor
Kolkata 700 073
Tel : 033 2236 0094

Web: www.vestahotels.in

E-mail: kolkata@vestahotels.in

CIN: U70101WB2000PLC091582

Maple Hotels & Resorts Limited



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Notice

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twenty Third Annual General Meeting of members of Maple Hotels & Resorts Limited will be held on 26th July, 2023 at 2 P.M. through Video Conferencing ("VC")/other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following business:-

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To consider and adopt the Standalone Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and the Reports of the Directors and the Auditors thereon.
2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr Vivek Goenka (DIN 00042285) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

Appointment of Mr. Debasis Mondal (DIN 08828942) as a Director and as an Independent Director.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

3. "RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 152, 160, Schedule IV and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the rules made thereunder and other applicable laws and the provisions of Articles of Association of the Company and pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approval of the Board of Directors of the Company, Mr. Debasis Mondal (DIN : 08828942) who was appointed as an Additional Director (Independent) effective from 17th August, 2022, pursuant to the provisions of Section 161 of the Act to hold office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Act from a Member proposing his candidature for the office of the Director, being eligible be and is hereby appointed as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, for a period of five years effective from 17th August, 2022."

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors or the Company Secretary of the Company, be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things and take such steps as may be necessary, expedient or desirable in this regard."

Johar Building
P-1 Hide Lane, 9th Floor
Kolkata 700 073
31st May, 2023

By Order of the Board
B K Parasrampur
Company Secretary

Notice (Continued)

Notes :

1. The Members may exercise their rights to vote on the Resolutions contained in the Notice by electronic means for which necessary facility has been provided and the instructions therefor are attached.
2. Relevant details in respect of item no. 3 of the Notice is included in the Explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 given hereafter.
3. The Company is registered with Central Depository Services (India) Ltd. (CDSL) for dematerialization of its Equity Shares which has been allotted the ISIN INE05M901013. CB Management Services (P) Limited ("CBMSL") having their office at P-22 Bondel Road, Kolkata 700 019, e-mail Id : rta@cbmsl.com is the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company.
4. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to:
 - a. notify any change in their addresses and communicate on all matters pertaining to their shareholdings with the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent CBMSL, at their e-mail id rta@cbmsl.com, quoting their respective Ledger Folio Numbers;
 - b. note that as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 facility for making nominations is available for members in respect of Equity Shares held by them;
 - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN/ Bank Account particulars to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN/Bank Account Particulars details to the Company/RTA.
5. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') has vide its General Circular number 14/2020 dated 08.04.2020, 17/2020 dated 13.04.2020, 20/20 dated 05.05.2020, 28/2020 dated 17/08/2020, 02/2021 dated 13/01/2021, 19/2021 dated 08.12.2021, 21/2021 dated 14.12.2021, 02/2022 dated 05.05.2022 and 10/2022 dated 28.12.2022 collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars" and the Securities and Exchange Board of India vide its Circular dated May 12, 2020, January 15, 2021, May 13, 2022 and January 5, 2023 ('SEBI Circulars') have permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting ('AGM') through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM) without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue.

In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and MCA Circulars, the 23rdAGM of the Company will be held through video conferencing ('VC') or other audio visual means ('OAVM'). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the AGM through VC/OAVM only. The detailed procedure for participating in the meeting through VC/OAVM is attached and the same will also be available at the website of the Company at www.vestahotels.in

Pursuant to the aforesaid MCA Circulars , Notice of the Twenty Third AGM along with the Annual Report for the financial year 2022-23 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories and no physical copy of the Annual Report has been sent by the Company to any member. Members may note that the Notice of Twenty Third AGM and Annual Report for the financial year 2022-23 will also be available on the Company's website at www.vestahotels.in and on the website of CDSL at www.evotingindia.com for their view /download.

Notice (Continued)

6. In compliance with the said circulars, the Company has also published a public notice by way of an advertisement advising the members whose e-mail ids are not registered with the Company, its Registrar and Share Transfer Agent or Depository participants, as the case may be, to register their e-mail ids with them.
7. In terms of the aforesaid circulars, the businesses set out in the Notice will be transacted by the members only through remote e-voting or through the e-voting system provided during the meeting while participating through VC facility.
8. The members who have not yet registered their e-mail addresses are requested to register the same with their DPs in case the shares are held by them in electronic form and to the Company and CB Management Services (P) Ltd, in case the shares are held by them in physical form by writing at maple@warrentea.com and rta@cbmsl.com respectively their e-mail addresses along with the copy of the signed request letter mentioning the Folio No., name and address of the member along with scanned copy of share certificate (front/back), self-attested copy of the PAN Card and self-attested copy of any document (eg. Driving Licence, Election Identity Card, Passport) in support of the address of the member on or before 19th July, 2023. The Company shall send the Notice to such members whose e-mail ids get registered within the aforesaid date enabling them to participate in the meeting and cast their votes.
9. Members are requested to intimate changes, if any, pertaining to their name, postal address, email address, telephone/mobile numbers, Permanent Account Number (PAN), mandates, nominations, power of attorney, bank details such as, name of the bank and branch details, bank account number, MICR code, IFSC code., etc. to their DPs in case the shares are held by them in electronic form and to CB Management Services Pvt. Limited in case the shares are held by them in physical form.
10. Voting rights of the members (for voting through remote e-voting or e-voting system provided in the Meeting itself shall be in proportion to shares of the paid up equity share of the Company as on the cut-off date i.e 19th July, 2023. A person whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners (as at the end of the business hours) maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date shall only be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting or e-voting system provided in the meeting.
11. Only bona fide members of the Company whose name appear first on the Register of Members, will be permitted to attend the meeting through VC/OAVM. The Company reserves its right to take all necessary steps as may be deemed necessary to restrict non-members from attending the meeting.
12. The facility for joining AGM through VC/OVAM will be available for up to 1,000 Members and members may join on first come first serve basis. However, the above restriction shall not be applicable to members holding more than 2% or more shareholding, Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (s), the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors, Scrutinizers etc. Members can login and join 15 (fifteen) minutes prior to the schedule time of meeting and window for joining shall be kept open till the expiry of 15 (fifteen) minutes after the schedule time.
13. Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.

Notice (Continued)

14. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC/OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice. The Company will conduct the AGM through VC/OAVM from its Registered Office, i.e. Johar Building, P-1 Hide Lane, 9th Floor, Kolkata 700 073, to be the venue of the meeting.
15. Institutional/Corporate Members (i.e. other than individuals/HUF, NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of its Board or governing body Resolution/Authorization etc., authorizing its representative to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM on its behalf and to vote through remote e-voting. The said Resolution/Authorization should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same. Alternatively Non Individual members are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer at scrutinizermkb@gmail.com and to the Company at maple@warrentea.com or to Registrar & Share Transfer Agent of the Company at rta@cbmsl.com for the scrutinizer to verify the same, if they have voted from individual tab and not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
16. In case of joint holders, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote electronically at the AGM.
17. All the documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement should be available for inspection. Scanned copies of the Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnels and their Shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act and the Register of Contracts or Agreements in which the Directors are interested maintained under Section 189 of the Act will be available for inspection by the Members in electronic mode during the AGM. Members who wish to seek inspect, may send their request through an email on or before 19th July, 2023 by quoting their name, demat account number and mobile no.
18. As per Regulation 40 of SEBI Listing Regulations as amended, Securities of Listed Companies can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from April, 1, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities. In view of this, members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form. Members can contact the Company or Company's Registrar and share transfer agent, CB Management Services (P) Ltd for assistance in this regard.
19. Members seeking any information with regard to the accounts or any matter to be placed at the AGM, are requested to write by mentioning their name, demat account number, folio number, email id, PAN, Mobile number to Registrar /Company on or before 19th July, 2023 through email on rta@cbmsl.com /maple@warrentea.com respectively. The same will be replied by the Company suitably.
20. Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM, the Route Map is not required to be annexed in this to the Notice.
21. Persons who have acquired shares and become Members after the despatch of the Notice of the Meeting but before the 'cut-off date' of 19th July, 2023 may obtain their user ID or password for remote e-voting by sending a request to the Company's Registrars Share Transfer Agent, CB Management Services (P) Ltd, P-22, Bondel Road, Kolkata 700 019 at rta@cbmsl.com quoting DP ID/CLID/Folio No. as the case may be done with PAN No.

Notice (Continued)

22. M/s B.M. Chatrath & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company at the 20th Annual General meeting on 23rd September, 2020 to hold office till the conclusion of 25th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

M/s R K Malpani & Associates, Chartered Accountants were appointed as Branch Auditors of the Company at the 19th Annual General Meeting held on 18th September, 2019 to hold office till the conclusion of Twenty-fourth Annual General Meeting.

Pursuant to Notification issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 7th May, 2018 amending section 139 of the Act and the Rules framed there under, the mandatory requirement for ratification of appointment of Auditors by the Members at every AGM has been omitted. Accordingly, no resolution is being proposed for ratification of appointment of Statutory auditors and Branch auditors at this AGM.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT **(Pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013)**

Item no. 3

The Board of Directors ("Board") of the Company at its meeting held on 17th August, 2022, pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, approved appointment of Mr. Debasis Mondal ("Mr. Mondal") (DIN : 08828942) as an Additional Director of the Company. The Additional Director holds office only upto the date of this Annual General Meeting of the Company in terms of Section 161(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') but is eligible for appointment as Director.

The Company has received a notice under Section 160(1) of the Act from a member signifying his intention to propose Mr. Mondal's appointment as a Director of the Company. Mr. Mondal has also given declaration under section 149(7) of the Act that he meets the criteria for independence as provided under Section 149(6) of the Act and fulfills the conditions specified in the Act and the Rules framed thereunder for appointment as Independent Director and he is Independent of the management. The Board is also of the opinion that he fulfills the criteria for independence as required under the Act and applicable laws.

The approval is sought from the members for the appointment of Mr. Debasis Mondal, as Independent Director of the Company for a term of five consecutive years w.e.f. 17th August, 2022 at the ensuing 23rd AGM pursuant to Section 149 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. He shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

Having regard to the background and experience of Mr. Mondal, the Board considers that his appointment as Independent Director of the Company would be of considerable benefit for the Company and it is desirable to avail his services as Independent Director.

Except Mr. Mondal being the appointee, none of other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives is concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution set out at item no. 3 of the convening Notice.

Copy of letter of appointment settling out the terms of his appointment will be available for inspection by the Members during business hours on all working days till the conclusion of the ensuing Annual General Meeting in electronic mode. Members can inspect the same by sending an e-mail to maple@warrentea.com and rta@cbmsl.com respectively on or before 19th July, 2023 through their registered e-mail ID quoting name, demat account number/folio no. and mobile no.

The Board recommends the ordinary Resolution set out at item no. 3 for the approval of the members.

Details of Mr. Debasis Mondal is provided in Annexure to the Notice pursuant to the provisions of Secretarial Standard on General Meetings ("SS-2"), issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

Notice (Continued)

ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE

Disclosure required Under Secretarial Standards-2
(As on March 31, 2023)

Name	Mr Debasis Mondal
Director Identification Number	08828942
Designation / Category of the Director	Non-executive Independent Director
Date of Birth Age (Years)	25.12.1974 49
Date of first Appointment on the Board	17.08.2022
Experience in Specific Functional Area	Experience in Finance and Administration over several years.
Qualifications and Experience	B. Com (Hons.), General Management, Accounts,
No. of Shares held in the Company	NIL
Number of meetings of the Board attended during the year	2
Directorship in other companies	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Paragon Global Industries Ltd. 2. Warren Steels Pvt. Ltd. 3. Surira Commercial Co. Pvt. Ltd. 4. Pinkcity Tea Co. Pvt. Ltd. 5. RKG Exim Limited 6. Warren Industrial Ltd. 7. Maple Hotels & Resorts Ltd.
Chairman/Member in the Committees of the Boards of (other) companies	NIL
Terms and conditions of Appointment/ Reappointment	In accordance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013
Details of remuneration sought to be paid	} Not Applicable
Last drawn remuneration	
Relationship with other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel	None of them are related to any other Director or Key Managerial Personnel

CDSL e-Voting System – Fore-voting and Joining Virtual meetings.

1. As you are aware, in view of the situation arising due to COVID-19 global pandemic, the general meetings of the companies shall be conducted as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020. The forthcoming AGM will thus be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.
2. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
3. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
5. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, , the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
6. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.vestahotels.in. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
7. The AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, 28/2020 dated 17/08/2020, 02/2021 dated 13/01/2021, 19/2021 dated 08.12.2021, 21/2021 dated 14.12.2021, 02/2022 dated 05.05.2022 and 10/2022 dated 28.12.2022.

Notice (Continued)

8. In continuation of this Ministry's **General Circular No. 20/2020**, dated 05th May, 2020, 28/2020 dated 17/08/2020, 02/2021 dated 13/01/2021, 19/2021 dated 08.12.2021, 21/2021 dated 14.12.2021, 02/2022 dated 05.05.2022 and 10/2022 dated 28.12.2022 and after due examination, it has been decided to allow companies whose AGMs are due in the year 2023, to conduct their AGMs on or before 30th September, 2023, in accordance with the requirements laid down in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2023.

THE INSTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING VIRTUAL MEETINGS ARE AS UNDER:

Step 1 : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

Step 2 : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- (i) The voting period begins on 22nd July, 2023 at 9 AM and ends on 25th July, 2023 at 5 PM. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date 19th July, 2023 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. **SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020**, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to **all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants**. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

Step 1 : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

Notice (Continued)

- (iv) In terms of **SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020** on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings **for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL** is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL Depository	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit cdsI website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon& New System Myeasi Tab. 2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-voting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the e-voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly. 3) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at cdsI website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System MyeasiTab and then click on registration option. 4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the e-voting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsd.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Notice (continued)

	<p>2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nSDL.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nSDL.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</p> <p>3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nSDL.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting</p>
<p>Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants (DP)</p>	<p>You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.</p>

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 22 55 33
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

Notice (Continued)

Step 2 : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

(v) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for **Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.**

- 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- 2) Click on “Shareholders” module.
- 3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.
PAN	Enter your 10digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.

- (vi) After entering these details appropriately, click on “SUBMIT” tab.
- (vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach ‘Password Creation’ menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.

Notice (Continued)

- (viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (ix) Click on the EVSN for the relevant <Company Name> on which you choose to vote.
- (x) On the voting page, you will see “RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION” and against the same the option “YES/NO” for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xi) Click on the “RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK” if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on “SUBMIT”. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on “OK”, else to change your vote, click on “CANCEL” and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiii) Once you “CONFIRM” your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on “Click here to print” option on the Voting page.
- (xv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xvi) There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.
- (xvii) **Additional Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –For Remote Voting only.**
 - Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the “Corporates” module.
 - A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
 - After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
 - The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
 - It is Mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

Notice (Continued)

- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required mandatory to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; scrutinizermkb@gmail.com; maple@warrentea.com; if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance atleast **on or before 19th July, 2023** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at maple@warrentea.com, rta@cbmsl.com. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance **on or before 19th July, 2023** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at maple@warrentea.com, rta@cbmsl.com. These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders may be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

Notice (Continued)

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to maple@warrentea.com/rta@cbmsl.com.
2. For Demat shareholders -, Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective **Depository Participant (DP)**
3. **For Individual Demat shareholders – Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.**

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact attoll free no. 1800 22 55 33

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, MarathonFuturex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call toll free no. 1800 22 55 33.

The e-voting period commences on 22nd July, 2023 (9 a.m.) and ends on 25th July, 2023 (5 p.m.). During this period members of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form may cast their vote electronically. The voting rights of members shall be in proportion to their shares in the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the Cut-off date of 19th July, 2023.

Mr Raj Kumar Banthia, Company Secretary in Practice (Membership No. A17190/COP No. 18428) of Messrs. MKB & Associates, Company Secretaries, Kolkata has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.

The Scrutinizer shall unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting, after counting the votes cast at the Meeting in the presence of at least two (2) witnesses not in the employment of the Company and submit a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the votes cast in favour or against, if any forthwith to the Chairman of the Company.

The Results shall be declared in accordance with applicable regulations and the same along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the websites of the Company and CDSL immediately after the result is declared by the Chairman.

Directors' Report

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their Twenty Third Annual Report with the Audited Financial Statements of your Company for the year ended 31st March, 2023.

Extract of Annual Return

Pursuant to Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder, the Annual Return as on 31st March, 2023 is available on the Company's website at https://vestahotels.in/Financial_Info

Board Meetings

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2023 six Board Meetings were held on 25th April, 2022, 3rd May, 2022, 25th July, 2022, 17th August, 2022, 29th October, 2022 and 31st January, 2023.

Attendance of Directors for the year ended 31st March, 2023

<u>Name of Director</u>	<u>No. of Meetings</u>	
	<u>Held</u>	<u>Attended</u>
Mr Vivek Goenka (Chairman) (DIN : 00042285)	6	6
Mr R S Goenka (Non-executive Independent Director) (DIN : 00597395)	6	6
Mr S Kanoi (Non-executive Independent Director) (Ceased w.e.f. 12.07.2022) (DIN : 01061648)	2	1
Mr S Sureka (Non-executive Independent Director) (DIN : 00687999)	6	6
Mr. D. Mondal (Non-executive Independent Director) (Joined w.e.f. 17.08.2022) (DIN : 08828942)	2	2

Directors' Responsibility Statement

The Board of Directors acknowledges the responsibilities for ensuring compliance with the provisions of Section 134(3)(c) read with Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and in the preparation of the annual Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and confirm that:

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) have been followed and there are no material departures therefrom;

Directors' Report (Continued)

- (b) the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently in accordance with applicable provisions and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- (c) the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for

safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- (e) the Company being unlisted, clause (e) of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 pertaining to declaration relating to internal financial control is not applicable for the Company;
- (f) the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

Independent Directors' Declaration

The declarations required under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 from the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet the criteria of independence under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013, have been duly received by the Company along with a declaration of compliance of sub-rule (1) and sub-rule (2) of Rule 6 of Companies (Appointment of Directors) Rules 2014. The independent directors have also complied with the Code for Independent Directors prescribed in Schedule IV to the Act and Code of Conduct for Directors and senior management personnel. In the opinion of the Board, there has been no change in the circumstances which may affect their status as Independent Director of the Company. Separate meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company were held on 31st January, 2023 during the year without the presence of the Non-Independent Directors and the Management Team to discharge duties enjoined on them. All the Independent Directors were present in the meeting.

Particulars of loans, guarantees and investments

The Particulars of loans given by the Company pursuant to Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are covered in Note 11 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Company has not given any guarantee for any party.

Particulars of investments made by the Company as required to be disclosed in terms of Section 134 (1) (g) of the Companies Act, 2013 is given in the accompanying Financial Statements (Note No. 4).

Directors' Report (Continued)

Related Party Contracts

All Related Party transactions entered into by the Company with related parties during the financial year under review were on an arms length basis and in the ordinary course of business and are in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act, details of which are set out in the Notes to Financial Statements forming part of this Annual Report. All the transactions have been duly evaluated by the Audit Committee and Board and have been found beneficial for the Company. These transactions were inter alia based on various considerations such as business exigencies, synergy in operations and resources of the related parties.

Further, the Company has not entered into any contracts/arrangements/transactions with related parties which qualify as material in accordance with the Policy of the Company on materiality of related party transactions. There are no materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with interest of the Company at large.

No transactions were carried out during the year which requires reporting in Form AOC - 2 pursuant to Section 134 (3) (h) of the Act read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associated Companies

As on March 31, 2023 the Company does not have any subsidiaries/Joint Ventures.

There were no companies which have become/ceased to be Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associate Companies during the year.

Warren Tea Limited ("WTL") continues to remain an Associate Company. During the year under review, vagaries of weather predominantly as a result of global climatic changes had a substantial effect on the production of tea. Simultaneously increase in input cost mainly on account of significant rise in wages without commensurate increase in realization also affected the Company's total income. Subsequent to the disposal of all tea estates of the Company, it has been decided by the Board of Directors that the Company shall be venturing into new areas of tea business i.e. (i) Retail/Consumer Marketing in selected district in Northern India, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh, Haryana and Punjab (ii) To carry on tea business as a Merchant Exporters to Gulf/CIS/ Eastern European Countries.

Directors' Report (Continued)

Financial summary, highlights and State of the Company's Affairs

	<u>Current Year</u> (` in Lakhs)	<u>Previous Year</u> (` in Lakhs)
Profit/(Loss) before Depreciation and Tax	560.24	103.02
Less: Depreciation and Amortization	164.94	190.79
Profit/(Loss) before Tax	<u>395.30</u>	<u>(87.77)</u>
Tax Expense/(Credit)		
Deferred Tax	112.73	49.73
Profit/(Loss) for the year	<u>282.57</u>	<u>(137.49)</u>
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	4.52	89.50
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	<u>287.09</u>	<u>(48.00)</u>
Balance brought forward from Previous Year	<u>(2663.40)</u>	<u>(2615.40)</u>
Balance carried to Balance Sheet	<u>(2376.31)</u>	<u>(2663.40)</u>

As required, under Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 consolidated Financial Statements together with a Statement containing the salient features of the Financial Statements of Warren Tea Limited in AOC - 1 forms a part of this Annual Report.

Deposits

The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013/ read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 during the year under review.

Regulatory Orders

There is no significant and material orders passed by Regulators/Courts/Tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

Internal Control Systems

Your Company has in place adequate systems of internal control at all levels of Management and commensurate with the size of its operations and they are regularly reviewed for effectiveness from time to time. Such controls are reviewed periodically also by the Audit Committee and no reportable material weakness in the design or operations were observed during the year.

Directors' Report (Continued)

Auditors' Report

The Branch Auditors of the Company, Messrs R K Malpani & Associates, Chartered Accountants have submitted their Audit Report to the Statutory Auditors, Messrs B M Chatrath & Co LLP, who have submitted their Report in respect of the financial year 2022-23 under Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The report of the Statutory Auditors during the year under review does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer, which requires any further comments or explanations in this report.

None of the Auditors of the Company have reported any fraud during the year under review. The Notes to the Financial Statements are also self-explanatory and do not call for any further comments.

Maintenance of Cost Records

The provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 with regard to maintenance of Cost Records as specified under Sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.

Resume' of Performance

During the year under review, Covid-19 Pandemic gradually waned out and gave a major boost to demand in travel and tourism market. Hospitality, being a core segment of the said market, has also gained and so do your Company. The same has also been reflected in performance. Turnover and EBITDA has significantly improved in the financial year 2022-23 to Rs. 1840.92 lacs and Rs. 690.46 lacs against the previous year's figures of Rs. 1009.66 lacs and Rs. 320.08 lacs respectively. While turnover has increased by 82% year on year, the profitability has increased by 116% year on year.

Prospects

Given the continuing strong market demand, backed up by steadily rising income in hand of Indians, Travel and Tourism, in general and hospitality in particulars is expected to thrive in years to come in India. Considering the same, your company is actively exploring to venture out further in hospitality segment via acquisition, franchise, management contract, lease and the likes. Expansion opportunities are being considered in the mid-markets and up-markets.

Dividend

The Directors decided to hold on to internal accruals to finance its expansion plans and thus do not recommend any dividend for the financial year 2022-23.

Material changes and commitments consequent to year end

No material changes and commitments have occurred from the date of close of financial year till the date of this report which might affect the financial position of the Company.

Directors' Report (Continued)

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

The details of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo are as follows:

(A) Conservation of energy

- (i) The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:

During the year under review, nothing much could be done in between the rampage of Covid-19 and ensuing lockdown by the Government Authority.

- (ii) The steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy:

Evaluating the scope for solar power system and optimization of operating air-conditioning systems are the top priority of your Company in the years to come.

- (iii) The capital investment on energy conservation equipments:

No capital investment has been made during the year under review.

(B) Technology absorption

- (i) The efforts made towards technology absorption;

- (ii) The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution;

The Company is continuing its effort to absorb latest technology both in case of ERP system as well as Customer Relation Management (CRM) segment. Your Company is also increasing transparency for price parity policy across all online booking channels. The Company has also increased the speed of its complimentary wi-fi facility by introducing higher grade connections. The Company is continuing to be active in all social media including Facebook, Twitter, Instagram and LinkedIn. It has almost a lakh followers on Facebook.

Directors' Report (Continued)

- (iii) In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)
- | | | |
|---|---|-----|
| (a) the details of technology imported; | } | NIL |
| (b) the year of import; | | |
| (c) whether the technology being fully absorbed | | |
| (d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof; and | | |
- (iv) The expenditure incurred on Research and Development; NIL

(C) Foreign exchange earnings and outgo:

Foreign exchange	-	Earned - NIL
	-	Outgo - NIL

Risk Management

The Company has always been sensible to managing business risks and has in place a Risk Management Policy and Plan towards the same.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, with regard to Corporate Social Responsibility requirements, are not applicable.

Details of Directors/Key Managerial Personnel

In accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr Vivek Goenka (DIN 00042285), Director of the Company, retires by rotation and being eligible has offered himself for reappointment. During the year under review Mr. S. Kanoi (DIN : 01061648) resigned from the Directorship w.e.f. 12th July, 2022. The Board wishes to place on record its sincere appreciation for the services rendered by Mr. S. Kanoi during his long association with the Company.

Directors' Report (Continued)

Mr. Debasis Mondal (DIN 08828942) was appointed as Additional Director in the category of Independent Director of the Company at the Board Meeting held on 17th August, 2022. He shall hold office till the conclusion of the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company. Mr. Debasis Mondal is proposed to be appointed as Independent Director at the ensuing 23rd AGM of the Company for a consecutive period of five years w.e.f. 17th August, 2022, Section 149(13) states that the provisions of sub-section (6) and (7) of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to retirement of directors by rotation is not applicable to the independent director. The Company has received declarations from its Independent Director under Section 149(7) confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The second term of two independent Directors of the Company namely Mr. R. S. Goenka and Mr. S. Sureka will be completed on 3rd March, 2025.

None of the directors of the Company is disqualified for being appointed as directors as specified under Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 14(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014.

The Board is satisfied of the integrity, expertise and experience (including proficiency in terms of Section 150(1) of the Act and applicable rules thereunder) of all Independent Directors of the Board. The Independent Directors have also declared that they have registered their name with the data bank maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs as required under the provisions of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6(1) of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014.

Audit Committee

The existing Audit Committee of the Board had been reconstituted on 17th August, 2022 with Mr. Vivek Goenka, Non-executive Director as Chairman and three Non-executive independent Directors viz Mr. Ram Swaroop Goenka, Mr. Saurabh Sureka and Mr. Debasis Mondal as members with Mr. B. K. Parasrampurua as its Company Secretary, Mr S Pal, Chief Executive & Financial Officer is Permanent Invitee to meetings of the Committee. The details of all Related Party Transactions are placed periodically before the Audit Committee. During the year there were no instances where the Board had not accepted the recommendations of the Audit Committee.

During the year under review five meetings of the Audit Committee were held on 25th April, 2022, 3rd May, 2022, 25th July, 2022, 29th October, 2022 and 31st January, 2023 and not more than 120 days lapsed during two meetings. The Attendance of the members of the Audit Committee are as follows :

Directors' Report (Continued)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position held</u>	<u>No. of Meetings</u>	
		<u>Held</u>	<u>Attended</u>
Mr. Vivek Goenka	Chairman (Non-executive Director)	5	5
Mr. R S Goenka	Non-executive Independent Director	5	5
Mr. S Kanoi (Ceased w.e.f 12.07.22)	Non-executive Independent Director	2	1
Mr S Sureka	Non-executive Independent Director	5	5
Mr. Debasish Mondal (Joined w.e.f. 17.08.22)	Non-executive Independent Director	2	2

The Audit Committee has also been delegated the responsibility for monitoring and reviewing Risk Management Assessment and Minimization Procedures, implementing and monitoring the Risk Management Plan and identifying, receiving and mitigating all elements of risks which the Company may be exposed to.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Policy

The existing Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board was reconstituted on 17th August, 2022 with Mr R S Goenka, Non-executive Independent Director as Chairman, two Non-executive Independent Directors viz. Mr. S. Sureka and Mr. Debasis Mondal. Mr Vivek Goenka, Non-executive Director as members with Mr. B K Parasrampur as Secretary to the Committee. It recommends to the Board the Remuneration Package of key and other Senior Managerial personnel.

During 2022-23 the Nomination and Remuneration Committee met on 25th April, 2022 and 31st January, 2023. The details of meetings held and attended by the Directors during the year 2022-23 are as under :

<u>Name of Directors</u>	<u>No. of Meetings</u>	
	<u>Held</u>	<u>Attended</u>
Mr. R.S. Goenka Non-executive Independent Director - Chairman	2	2
Mr. S. Kanoi Non-executive Independent Director (Ceased w.e.f. 12.07.2022)	1	1
Mr. S Sureka Non-executive Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Vivek Goenka - Non-executive Director	2	2
Mr. Debasis Mondal - Non-executive Independent Director (w.e.f. 17.08.2022)	1	1

The policy for evaluation of Directors which contains evaluation criteria, such criteria include contributing to monitoring and reviewing etc. and has acted upon the same. The particulars required to be furnished relating to the Policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration including criteria for determining qualification, positive attributes and independence of a Director and other related matters including remuneration of employees has been uploaded on the website of the Company, which can be accessed under the weblink: <http://www.vestahotels.in/Policies>.

Directors' Report (Continued)

Stakeholders Relationship Committee

The Committee of the Board is comprised with Mr. Vivek Goenka as Chairman and Mr S Sureka and Mr. R S Goenka as Members with Mr B K Parasrampurua, Company Secretary as its Secretary. The Stakeholders Relationship Committee specifically looks into various aspects of interest of shareholders, satisfactory redressal of investors' grievances and to recommend measures for overall improvement in the quality of investor services.

Board Evaluation

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has earlier approved the Board Evaluation Policy. An annual evaluation of the performances of the Board, its committees and that of the individual Directors was undertaken during the year on the basis of the criteria such as the

composition, structure, functioning, effectiveness of the Board, the Committee Meetings, the contribution and preparedness of individual Directors to the Board and committees etc. after seeking inputs from all the Directors. The Directors including Independent Directors and the Non-Independent Directors have continued to contribute their inputs in the process of evaluation of the Directors. The Independent Directors and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee Members have continued to review the performance of all the Directors including the Chairman and thence the performance of the Board as a whole. The Board in turn, with such inputs have carried out annual evaluation of its own performance, its Committees and individual Directors. The performance of non-independent Directors, the Chairman and the Board as a whole was evaluated by the Independent Directors in a separate meeting held during the year. The Board Members were satisfied with the evaluation process.

Change in nature of Business, if any

There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company during the Financial Year 2022-23.

Statement on compliance of applicable Secretarial Standards

During the year under review, your Company has duly complied with the applicable provisions of the Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of company Secretaries of India (ICSI).

Personnel

In accordance with the provisions of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the particulars and information of the employees has been set out in Annexure A to this Report. Your Company treats its human capital as its most important asset.

Directors' Report (Continued)

The welfare and well-being of the employees are monitored closely and the Company maintains harmonious relationship with the employees. It is your Company's endeavour to provide a safe and conducive work environment to its employees. Your Company has complied with provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. During the year under review no complaint of sexual harassment was received by the said Committee.

Your Directors also wish to record their appreciation for the continued co-operation, support and commitment received from the employees at all level of the Company.

Auditors

The present Statutory Auditors, Messrs B M Chatrath & Co LLP, (Firm Registration No. 301011E/E300025), Chartered Accountants, had been appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company at the Twentieth Annual General Meeting held on 23rd September, 2020 to hold office till the conclusion of the Twenty Fifth Annual General Meeting.

Messrs R K Malpani & Associates, Chartered Accountants, were appointed as Branch Auditors of the Company at the Nineteenth Annual General Meeting held on 18th September, 2019 to hold office till the conclusion of the Twenty-fourth Annual General Meeting.

General Disclosures

Your Directors state that :

1. There is no change in the share capital of the Company during the year.
2. No amount is proposed to be transferred to General Reserve during the year.
3. The Company has not issued equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
4. During the year under review, no application has been made or any proceeding is pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 against the Company.
5. During the year under review, there were no instance of one-time settlement with banks or financial institutions and hence the differences in valuation as enumerated under Rule 8(5) (xii) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended, do not arise.

Kolkata
31st May, 2023

Vivek Goenka
Chairman

Annexure 'A' to the Directors' Report

Information as per Rule 5(2) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

Sl. No.	Name	Designation	Gross Remuneration (in Lakhs)	Qualification and Experience (Years)	Age (Years)	Date of Commencement of Employment	Last Employment held before joining the Company Organization	Designation
1	Saqib Naqvi	Front Office Manager	5.57	B A (21)	43	26.04.2018	Park Prime	Assistant Front Office Manager
2	D K Tiwari	Executive	2.98	Intermediate (25)	41	04.03.2016	DPIIL Limited	Senior Assistant
3	Sibaji Basu Roy Chowdhury	Executive	2.49	B.Com (27)	57	04.03.2016	DPIIL Limited	Senior Assistant
4	Doulat Singh	Unit Head	9.74	B.A. (25)	48	16.11.2019	Hotel Souvenir	General Manager
5	Pal S	Chief Executive & Financial Officer	18.70	B Com (Hons), Passed CA Final (24)	49	01.04.2015	Warren Tea Limited	Senior Manager (Accounts)
6	Parasrampuria B K	Company Secretary	10.89	B Com (Hons), ACS, LI.B Passed ICWA Final (39)	61	04.03.2016	DPIIL Limited	Company Secretary
7	Rana G	Manager F & B (VBP)	5.89	Diploma in Hotel Management (34)	53	19.10.2009	Hotel Maharani Palace	Asst F&B Manager
8	Sajid MD	Unit Head	6.89	B A (28)	47	05.11.2008	Hilton Hotels Corporation	Deputy Manager
9	Arun Singh Rathore	Unit Head	5.64	B.A. MBA (Faculty of Management Studies) (22)	49	16.06.2022	Lords Hotels & Resorts	General Manager
10	Vijay M K	Manager - Accounts	5.22	B Com (24)	46	14.08.2006	Suraj Ceramics Industries	Accountant
11.	Mordhavaj Singh	Manager Sales & Marketing	7.00	B.A. Diploma in Hotel Tourism Management	42	21.06.2019	The Heritage Village Resort and Spa	Business Development Manager
12	Ajay Sharma	Assistant Manager - Sales	5.51	B.A. Diploma in Hospitality & Travel Management	47	09.06.2019	Clarks Inn Mathura	Manager Operation/ Unit Head

Note : The gross remuneration shown above is subject to tax and comprises of salary, bonus, allowances, monetary value of perquisites evaluated as per Income Tax Rules, Company's contributions to Provident Fund, Superannuation and Gratuity Funds subject to the relative Fund Rules.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF

MAPLE HOTELS AND RESORTS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Maple Hotels and Resorts Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements"), in which are incorporated the Reports for the year ended on that date audited by the branch auditors of the Company's branches at Vesta Bikaner Palace (Bikaner), Vesta Maurya Palace (Jaipur), Vesta International (Jaipur), Vesta Jodhpur (Jodhpur).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, the profit & total comprehensive Income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other

information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. The other information as identified above is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central

Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in **Annexure '1'** our report on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and proper returns adequate for the purposes of our audit have been received from the branches not visited by us;
 - (c) The reports on the accounts of the branch offices of the Company audited under Section 143 (8) of the Act by branch auditors have been sent to us and have been properly dealt with by us in preparing this report.
 - (d) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account and with the returns received from the branches not visited by us;
 - (e) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the relevant rules issued thereunder;
 - (f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.;
 - (g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in **Annexure '2'**. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Standalone financial statements.
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, the Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors, hence the provisions of section 197 are not applicable to the Company.
 - (i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Standalone financial statements – Refer Note No. 28(23) to the Standalone financial statements.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year.

- iv) (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 1 l(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v) The Company has neither proposed nor paid any dividend for the financial year, hence this sub-rule is not applicable.

For B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 301011E/ E300025

Place: Kolkata
Date: 22 May, 2023

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number 303874
UDIN – 23303874BGTXFS2102

‘ANNEXURE – B’ TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting **Maple Hotels & Resorts Limited** (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our

audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 301011E/ E300025

Place: Kolkata
Date: 22 May, 2023

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number 303874
UDIN – 23303874BGTXFS2102

'ANNEXURE - A' TO THE AUDITORS REPORT

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023, we report that:

- i. In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:
 - a. (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - b. The Company has a program of physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment and right-of-use assets so to cover all the assets once every three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain Property, Plant and Equipment were due for verification during the year and were physically verified by the Management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c. Based on our examination of the property tax receipts and lease agreement for land on which building is constructed, registered sale deed / transfer deed / conveyance deed provided to us, we report that, the title in respect of self-constructed buildings and title deeds of all other immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in the financial statements included under Property, Plant and Equipment are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
 - d. The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
 - e. No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2022 for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- ii.
 - a. As explained to us, the inventory of the Company has been physically verified during the year by the Management. In our opinion the frequency of such verification is reasonable, and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - b. The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. The company has not made any investments in, provided any guarantee or security, or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships, or any other parties, hence, the order 3(iii) is not applicable.
- iv. The Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies

Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees, and securities provided, as applicable.

- v. The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi. The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, for any of the services rendered by the Company. Thus, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii.
 - a. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of examination of the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Service tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs duty, Excise duty, Value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations are given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above items were in arrears as at 31 March, 2022 for a period exceeding six months from the date they became payable.
 - b. According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the particulars of dues of Income-Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise duty, Value added tax as at March 31, 2022, which have not been deposited on account of dispute are as follows:

Name of the Statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (Rs. in Lacs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	22.96	2008-09	Assessing Officer
		70.14	2009-10	
		0.17	2010-11	
		40.30	2017-18	
		10.00	2018-19	
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	Sales Tax	1.64	1994-95	Assistant Commissioner of Commercial Taxes
		8.37	1995-96	
		2.79	1998-99	

- viii. As per the information and explanations given to us there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix.
 - a. The company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - b. The company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lenders.
 - c. The term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained,

- and there was no diversion of the amount of loan and the purpose for which it was used.
- d. Funds raised on short term basis, have not been utilized for the long-term purposes.
 - e. The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates, or joint ventures, hence, the clause 3(ix)(e) is not applicable.
 - f. The company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures, or associate companies, hence, the clause 3(ix)(f) is not applicable.
- x.
- a. The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b. During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xi.
- a. No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - b. No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - c. No whistleblower complaints were received by the Company during the year and upto the date of this report.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence, reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties, and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. The company is not required to implement the internal audit as per Section 138 of the Companies Act 2013, hence, reporting under clause (xiv) of the Order is not applicable.
- xv. In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors. and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi.
- a. In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b. the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities, hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
 - c. In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c & d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.

- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, aging and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of the balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. The company is not covered by the Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, hence reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.

For B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 301011E/ E300025

Place: Kolkata
Date: 22 May, 2023

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number 303874
UDIN – 23303874BGTXFS2102

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LTD
BALANCE SHEET As at 31st March, 2023

	Notes	As at 31st March 2023 ₹ in Lakhs	As at 31st March 2022 ₹ in Lakhs
ASSETS			
Non-current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	1	3771.87	3925.23
Other Intangible Assets	2	0.65	1.75
Capital Work-in-progress		10.94	10.94
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	3	734.68	847.17
Financial Assets			
Investments	4	3074.82	3071.37
Trade Receivables	5	10.90	14.65
Other Financial Assets	6	214.55	214.85
Other Non Current Assets	7	163.68	163.51
		<u>7982.09</u>	<u>8249.49</u>
Current Assets			
Inventories	8	12.63	25.97
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables	9	56.71	52.60
Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	258.45	34.72
Other Financial Assets	11	388.80	374.08
Other Current Assets	12	64.78	51.68
		<u>781.37</u>	<u>539.05</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>8763.46</u>	<u>8788.54</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share Capital	13	1385.43	1385.43
Other Equity		5725.59	5438.50
		<u>7111.02</u>	<u>6823.93</u>
Liabilities			
Non-Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	14	805.94	1143.37
Lease Liability	14(A)	37.23	51.69
Trade Payables - other than to micro and small enterprises		39.34	62.88
Other Financial Liabilities	15	27.64	27.64
Provisions	16	18.43	14.00
		<u>928.58</u>	<u>1299.58</u>
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	17	491.13	464.84
Lease Liability	17(A)	0.93	1.03
Trade Payables - other than to micro and small enterprises		90.11	57.55
Other Financial Liabilities	18	62.01	72.25
Other Current Liabilities	19	44.07	37.05
Provisions	20	35.61	32.31
		<u>723.86</u>	<u>665.03</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u>8763.46</u>	<u>8788.54</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements 28

The Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our Audit Report of even date

B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Firm Registration Number - 301011E / E300025
Chartered Accountants

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number - 303874
Kolkata, 22nd May, 2023

S. Pal
Chief Executive
and Financial Officer

B. K. Parasrampur
Company Secretary

V. Goenka
Chairman

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LTD

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS
for the year ended 31st March, 2023

	Notes	Current Year ₹ in Lakhs	Previous Year ₹ in Lakhs
INCOME			
Revenue From Operations	21	1840.92	1009.66
Other Income	22	23.01	13.90
Total Income		1863.93	1023.56
EXPENSES			
Food & Beverages Consumed	23	235.56	139.98
Employee Benefit Expenses	24	373.46	255.83
Finance Costs	25	131.65	146.03
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	26	164.94	190.79
Other Expenses	27	563.02	378.70
Total Expenses		1468.63	1111.33
Profit before Tax		395.30	-87.77
Tax Expenses:			
Deferred Tax		112.73	49.73
Profit / (Loss) for the year		282.57	(137.49)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit & Loss :			
Remeasurements of post-employment defined benefit obligations		0.83	5.78
Changes in fair value of Equity Instruments		3.45	65.25
Income Tax relating to these items		0.24	18.47
Total Comprehensive Income		287.09	(48.00)
Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 10/-each (₹)		2.04	(0.99)

Notes to the Financial Statements

28

The Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our Audit Report of even date

B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Firm Registration Number - 301011E / E300025
Chartered Accountants

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number - 303874
Kolkata, 22nd May, 2023

S. Pal
Chief Executive
and Financial Officer

B. K. Parasrampur
Company Secretary

V. Goenka
Chairman

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(₹ in Lakhs)

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL- CURRENT YEAR

	Balance as at the beginning of the period as at 1st April, 2022	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	Balance as at the end of the period as at 31st March, 2023
	1385.43	-	1385.43
EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL- PREVIOUS YEAR			
	Balance as at the beginning of the period as at 1st April,	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	Balance as at the end of the period as at 31st March, 2022
	1385.43	-	1385.43

B. OTHER EQUITY - CURRENT YEAR

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Equity Instruments through other comprehensive Income	Total
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium Account	Retained Earnings		
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	856.22	7,210.32	(2,699.86)	71.82	5438.50
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	-	282.57	-	282.57
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	1.07	3.45	4.52
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	856.22	7,210.32	(2,416.22)	75.27	5725.59

OTHER EQUITY - PREVIOUS YEAR

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Equity Instruments through other comprehensive Income	Total
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium Account	Retained Earnings		
Balance as at 1st April, 2021	856.22	7,210.32	(2,586.62)	6.57	5486.49
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	-	(137.49)	-	(137.49)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	24.25	65.25	89.50
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	856.22	7,210.32	(2,699.86)	71.82	5438.50

Nature and Purpose of Reserves

1 Capital Reserve

The excess of the book value of the assets acquired by way of amalgamation over the consideration has been recognised as Capital Reserve.

2 Securities Premium

Securities Premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. This is available for utilisation in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

3 Retained Earnings

This reserve represents the cumulative profit as well as remeasurement of defined benefit plans and can be utilized by the Company as free reserves.

As per our Audit Report of even date

B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Firm Registration Number - 301011E / E300025
Chartered Accountants

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number - 303874
Kolkata, 22nd May, 2023

S. Pal
Chief Executive
and Financial Officer

B. K. Parasrampua
Company Secretary

V. Goenka
Chairman

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements
NOTE - 1
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - TANGIBLE

PARTICULARS	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT				DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION				NET CARRYING AMOUNT	
	As at 1st April 2022		As at 31st March 2023		Upto 1st April 2022		As at 31st March 2023		As at 31st March 2023	
	Additions	Disposals	Additions	Disposals	For the year	Disposals	For the year	Disposals	As at 31st March 2022	
Land - Freehold	578.97	-	-	578.97	-	-	-	-	578.97	578.97
Building	2311.54	-	-	2311.54	571.79	84.60	-	656.39	1655.15	1739.75
Plant & Machinery	589.13	0.50	-	589.63	401.61	35.19	-	436.80	152.85	187.79
Vehicles	14.54	-	-	14.54	11.32	0.28	-	11.60	2.94	2.55
Furniture & Fixtures	474.38	-	-	474.38	351.44	26.89	-	378.33	96.05	122.94
Office Equipment	0.15	-	-	0.15	0.13	0.01	-	0.14	0.01	0.02
Computer & Data Processors	8.70	9.98	-	18.68	6.70	2.42	-	9.12	9.56	2.00
Right of Use - Land (Refer Note 28.8)	1336.25	-	-	1336.25	45.04	14.87	-	59.91	1276.34	1291.21
Electrical Installation	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.00	
TOTAL	5313.66	10.48	-	5324.14	1388.03	164.26	-	1552.29	3771.87	3925.23
Previous Year	5313.26	-	-	5313.26	1198.16	189.87	-	1388.03	3925.23	

NOTE -2
INTANGIBLE ASSETS

PARTICULARS	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT				DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION				NET CARRYING AMOUNT	
	As at 1st April 2022		As at 31st March 2023		Upto 1st April 2022		As at 31st March 2023		As at 31st March 2023	
	Additions	Disposals	Additions	Disposals	For the year	Disposals	For the year	Disposals	As at 31st March 2022	
Computer Software (Rate of Amortisation-20%)	15.85	-	-	15.85	14.52	0.68	-	15.20	0.65	1.26
TOTAL	15.85	-	-	15.85	14.52	0.68	-	15.20	0.65	1.26
Previous Year	15.85	-	-	15.85	13.67	0.92	-	14.59	1.26	

Note: 1. Refer Note 14 & 17 for assets pledged as security for borrowings.

2. Title deeds of all Immovable Properties are held in name of the Company.

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LTD
Notes to the Financial Statements

	As at 31st March 2023 ₹ in Lakhs	As at 31st March 2022 ₹ in Lakhs
Note - 3		
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET)		
Deferred Tax Assets		
Timing difference on account of :		
Expenses allowable on payment	0.37	(0.64)
Unabsorbed Business Loss	844.97	945.76
Deferred Tax Liability		
Timing difference on account of :		
Depreciation	90.29	78.48
Other Items	20.37	19.47
	<u>734.68</u>	<u>847.17</u>

Note - 4

INVESTMENTS

(Non-Current)

(At Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income)

Unquoted - Equity Instrument 73,850 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid-up in Warren Industrial Limited	89.93	86.48
Unquoted -Debentures ₹ 2600/- 5% Redeemable Debentures of East India Clinic Limited fully paid-up (Conversion to equity shares of Woodlands Multispeciality Hospital Ltd. is pending)	*	*
(At Cost) Quoted - Equity Instruments Investment in Associate (At Cost) 31,96,448 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid-up in Warren Tea Limited	2,984.89	2,984.89
	<u>3,074.82</u>	<u>3,071.37</u>

Notes:

1. Market Value of Quoted Investments	2,283.86	2,283.86
2. Aggregate Value of Quoted Investments	2,984.89	2,984.89
3. Aggregate Value of unquoted Investments	11.56	11.56
4. * Indicates that Amount is below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company		

Note - 5

TRADE RECEIVABLES

(Non-Current)

Unsecured - Considered Good	10.90	14.65
	<u>10.90</u>	<u>14.65</u>

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LTD
Notes to the Financial Statements

	As at 31st March 2023 ₹ in Lakhs	As at 31st March 2022 ₹ in Lakhs
Note - 6		
OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
(Non-Current)		
Long term Receivables	186.80	186.80
Deposit with NABARD	0.03	0.03
Security Deposits	27.72	28.02
	<u>214.55</u>	<u>214.85</u>
Note - 7		
OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
(Unsecured - Considered Good)		
Security Deposits	-	-
Pre-Operative Expenses	9.67	9.67
Advance Income Tax (Net)	47.05	46.42
Advance with government authorities	106.96	107.43
	<u>163.68</u>	<u>163.52</u>
Note - 8		
INVENTORIES		
(Current)		
Stock of Food and Beverages	7.00	11.78
Stock of Stores and Supplies	5.63	14.19
	<u>12.63</u>	<u>25.97</u>
Note - 9		
TRADE RECEIVABLES		
(Current)		
Unsecured - Considered Good	56.71	52.60
	<u>56.71</u>	<u>52.60</u>
Note - 10		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
(Current)		
Balances with Banks		
In Current Account	255.12	30.47
Cash on Hand	2.48	3.40
Fixed Deposit with less than three months maturity	0.85	0.85
	<u>258.45</u>	<u>34.72</u>
Note - 11		
OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
(Current)		
Intercorporate Deposits	388.80	374.08
	<u>388.80</u>	<u>374.08</u>
Note - 12		
OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
(Unsecured - Considered Good)		
Advances to Suppliers, Service Providers, etc.	24.39	14.86
Advance to Employees	4.22	7.06
Advance for Employees' Benefit	27.53	20.49
Prepaid Expenses	8.64	9.27
	<u>64.78</u>	<u>51.68</u>

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LTD
Notes to the Financial Statements

	As at 31st March 2023 ₹ in Lakhs	As at 31st March 2022 ₹ in Lakhs		
NOTE - 13				
SHARE CAPITAL				
Authorised				
3,60,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹10/- each	<u>3600.00</u>	<u>3600.00</u>		
Issued, Subscribed & Paid-up				
1,38,54,266 Equity Shares of ₹10/- each fully paid-up	<u>1385.43</u>	<u>1385.43</u>		
	No. of Shares	No. of Shares		
Reconciliation of the number of Equity Shares Outstanding at the end of the year	<u>13854266</u>	<u>13854266</u>		
Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares of the Company				
Name	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
Warren Tea Limited	6500000	46.92	6500000	46.92
Mr. Vivek Goenka	4555744	32.88	4555744	32.88
Mrs. S. V. Goenka	1709050	12.34	1709050	12.34

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares:

The Company has only one class of shares being Equity Shares having a par value of ₹ 10/- each. All Equity Shares rank pari passu in all respects including voting rights, entitlement to dividend and repayment of capital.

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LTD
Notes to the Financial Statements

	As at 31st March 2023 ₹ in Lakhs	As at 31st March 2022 ₹ in Lakhs
Note - 14		
BORROWINGS		
(Non-Current)		
Secured Loans		
Term Loans from a Bank	418.24	652.14
(Secured by equitable mortgage on Land and Building of two hotel units and hypothecation of all the moveable fixed assets (excluding vehicles) and Current Assets, both present and future, repayable by 29th February, 2024, 31st July, 2025 and 30th September, 2025)		
Unsecured Loans		
Loans under Subsidised Housing Scheme for Plantation Labour	0.66	0.66
Intercorporate Deposit	387.04	490.57
	<u>805.94</u>	<u>1,143.37</u>
Note - 14(A)		
(Non-Current)		
Lease Liability		
Lease Obligation	37.23	46.98
	<u>37.23</u>	<u>46.98</u>
Note - 15		
OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
(Non-Current)		
Liabilities & Deposits	27.64	27.64
	<u>27.64</u>	<u>27.64</u>
Note - 16		
PROVISIONS		
(Non-Current)		
Provision for Employee Benefits	18.43	14.00
	<u>18.43</u>	<u>14.00</u>
Note - 17		
BORROWINGS		
(Current)		
Secured Loans		
Bank Overdraft	235.33	218.77
(Secured by equitable mortgage on Land and Building of two hotel units and hypothecation of all the moveable fixed assets (excluding vehicles) and Current Assets, both present and future) repayable on demand.		
Current maturities of long term Debt	255.80	246.07
	<u>491.13</u>	<u>464.84</u>
Note - 17(A)		
(Current)		
Lease Liability		
Lease Obligation	0.93	1.03
	<u>0.93</u>	<u>1.03</u>
Note - 18		
OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
(Current)		
Employee Benefits Payable	28.70	40.01
Liability for Expenses	33.31	25.61
Interest accrued but not due	-	6.63
	<u>62.01</u>	<u>72.25</u>
Note - 19		
OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Advances from Customers	25.18	16.98
Statutory Liabilities	18.89	20.07
	<u>44.07</u>	<u>37.05</u>
Note - 20		
PROVISIONS		
(Current)		
Provisions for Employee Benefits	35.61	32.31
	<u>35.61</u>	<u>32.31</u>

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LTD

Notes to the Financial Statements

	Current Year ₹ in Lakhs	Previous Year ₹ in Lakhs
NOTE - 21		
REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
Sale of Services		
Room and Hall Charges	1091.39	551.70
Other Sales & Services	84.86	40.40
Sale of Products		
Food Sale	654.88	413.06
Beverage Sale	9.79	4.50
Bar Sale	-	-
	<u>1840.92</u>	<u>1009.66</u>
NOTE - 22		
OTHER INCOME		
Interest Income on Deposits	6.35	6.28
Interest on Income Tax refund	0.00	-
Other Non-operating Income	7.00	5.63
Liabilities/ Provisions no longer required written back	9.66	1.99
	<u>23.01</u>	<u>13.90</u>
NOTE - 23		
FOOD & BEVERAGES CONSUMED		
Opening Stock	11.78	10.82
Add: Purchases during the year	230.78	140.94
	<u>242.56</u>	<u>151.76</u>
Less: Closing Stock	7.00	11.78
	<u>235.56</u>	<u>139.98</u>
NOTE - 24		
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE		
Salaries, Wages and Bonus	356.10	226.16
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	9.38	22.92
Gratuity	5.61	4.81
Employee Welfare Expenses	2.37	1.95
	<u>373.46</u>	<u>255.84</u>

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LIMITED**Notes to the Financial Statement**

	Current Year	Previous Year
	₹ in Lakhs	₹ in Lakhs

NOTE - 25**FINANCE COSTS**

Interest on Term Loan from Banks	95.32	61.53
Interest on Lease Liability	4.60	4.60
Others	31.73	79.90
	131.65	146.03

NOTE - 26**DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION**

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment including Right of Use Assets (Refer Note 1)	164.26	189.87
Amortisation of Intangible Assets (Refer Note 2)	0.68	0.92
	164.94	190.79

NOTE - 27**OTHER EXPENSES**

Power & Fuel	227.68	159.17
House Keeping Expenses	84.86	42.45
Rent	4.25	4.86
Loss on sale of Fixed Assets	-	-
Repairs and Maintenance		
- Buildings	10.77	8.92
- Plant & Machinery	28.51	14.99
- Others	13.16	7.54
Insurance	1.70	2.08
Rates and Taxes	18.31	13.69
Other Administrative Expenses	54.90	32.24
Audit Fees	2.43	2.03
Bank Charges	2.48	3.20
Travelling and Conveyance	22.03	13.06
Telephone Expenses	5.86	4.75
Professional Fees	16.47	11.52
Advertisement, Publicity and Business Promotion	2.37	2.00
Commission, Rebate and Discounts	67.24	56.20
	563.02	378.70

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 28

1. Company Overview

Maple Hotels & Resorts Limited is primarily engaged in the hospitality business of Hotels and Resorts under the brand name 'Vesta Hotels and Resorts'. The Company presently has three hotels providing four star facilities – Vesta International and Vesta Maurya Palace, both located at Jaipur and Vesta Bikaner Palace at Bikaner.

2. Statement of Compliance with Ind AS

These financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as contained in [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] notified under Section 133 and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act)

The date of transition to Ind AS were 1st April 2016.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

3.1. Classification of Current and Non-Current

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 and Ind AS 1. The Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities.

3.2. Historical Cost Conventions

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India under the historical cost convention, except for the following:

- i) Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value;
- ii) Plan assets relating to defined benefit plans that are measured at fair value;

Historical cost is based on the fair value of the consideration received in exchange for goods and services.

Fair Value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates based on its judgements, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period; they are recognised in the period of the revision as well as for future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

3.3. Sales and Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of discounts.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized in the income statement when the title, risk and rewards of ownership pass to the buyer. Revenue from sale of services is recognized when the rendering of services are completed to the satisfaction of the customer.

3.4. Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are accounted for at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities related to foreign currency transactions remaining unsettled at the end of the year are translated at year-end exchange rates.

Exchange Gains or Losses arising out of fluctuations in the exchange rates on settlement or translation are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

3.5. Government Grants

Government Grants/Assistance (Grant) are recognized at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with the conditions attached to them.

Grants relating to income are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognizes as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Grants relating to assets are presented as deferred income in the Balance Sheet and are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the related assets.

3.6. Property, Plant and Equipment

i) Tangible Assets

Freehold and Leasehold land are carried at historical cost. All other items of are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items of the related property, plant and equipment.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purpose are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Depreciation of these assets, are on the same basis as other property assets, and commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from its use. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated in a manner that amortise the cost of the assets net of its residual value, over their useful lives on a written down value method. For addition/disposal of items during the course of the year, depreciation/amortization is recognized on a pro-rata basis. Estimated useful lives of the assets are considered as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and the effect of any changes in estimate is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Compensation receivable for acquisition of assets of the Company is accounted for upon acceptance of Company's claim by the appropriate authorities.

Impairment of Assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

Transition to Ind AS

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all its property, plant and equipment recognised as at 1st April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP on transition to Ind AS and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of property, plant and equipment.

ii) Leases:

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as a lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right-of-use asset

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, deferred lease components of security deposits and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.

Unless the Company is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and its estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Land 99 Years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases contracts including lease of guest houses (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment's that are low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense in Statement of Profit and Loss.

3.7. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets of the Company are recognized when it is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance. An asset is recognized when it is expected to provide future economic benefits to flow to the Company. These assets are capitalized at the price what would be received to sale an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Useful life is determined as the period over which an asset is expected to be available for use by the Company. Depreciation on intangible assets is recognized so as to write of its cost over the useful life.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company had elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible assets recognized as of 1st April, 2016 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use the carrying value as its deemed cost.

3.8. Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the relevant instrument and are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial assets or financial liabilities. Purchase or sale of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date when the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

(i) Financial Assets Recognition and Classification

The financial assets are classified at initial recognition in the following measurement categories as:

- those subsequently measured at amortised cost.
- those to be subsequently measured at fair value [either through other comprehensive income (OCI), or through profit or loss]

Subsequent Measurement

- Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets which are held within the business model of collection of contractual cash flows and where those cash flows represent payments solely towards principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a financial asset that is measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired.

- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets that are held within a business model of collection of contractual cash flows and where the assets' cash flow represents solely payment of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are measured at fair value through OCI. Movements in carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for recognition of impairment gains or losses.

When a financial asset, other than investment in equity instrument, is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to statement of profit and loss.

Classification of equity instruments, not being investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements, depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through OCI. When investment in such equity instrument is derecognized, the cumulative gains or losses recognized in OCI is transferred within equity on such derecognition.

- Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. Movements in fair value of these instruments are taken in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Impairment losses are recognized in the profit or loss where there is an objective evidence of impairment based on reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. The Company recognizes loss allowances on trade receivables when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all the due amounts depending on product categories and the payment mechanism prevailing in the industry.

Income recognition on financial assets

Interest income from financial assets is recognised in profit or loss using effective interest rate method, where applicable. Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss only when the Company's right to receive payments is established and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

(ii) Financial Liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts.

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. Financial liabilities are classified at initial recognition and subsequently measured at amortized cost unless they fulfill the requirement of measurement at fair value through profit or loss. Where the financial liability has been measured at amortised cost, the difference between the initial carrying amount of the financial liabilities and their redemption value is recognized in the statement of profit and loss over the contractual terms using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in the finance income or finance cost in the statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive benefits have expired or been transferred, and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of such financial asset. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(iv) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.9. Employee Benefits

a) Short Term Employee Benefits

These are recognised at the undiscounted amount as expense for the year and are expensed as the related service is provided.

b) Post Employment Benefits

Contributions under Defined Contribution Plans payable in keeping with the related schemes are recognised as expenditure for the year.

In case of Defined Benefit Plans, the cost of providing the benefit is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method with actuarial valuation being carried out at each Balance Sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in full in Other Comprehensive Income for the period in which they occur. Past service cost is recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested, and otherwise is amortised on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised past service cost, if any, and as reduced by the fair value of plan assets, where funded. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefit available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

(i) The Company operates defined Contribution Scheme of Provident Funds and makes regular contributions to Provident Funds. Such contributions are recognised in the Accounts on accrual basis.

(ii) The Company operates defined benefit Superannuation Scheme administered by the Trustees, which are independent of the Company's finance. Such obligations are recognised in the Accounts on the basis of actuarial valuation applying Projected Unit Credit Method including gains and losses at the year-end.

(iii) The Company operates defined benefit Gratuity Scheme. Such obligations are recognised in the Accounts on the basis of actuarial valuation applying Projected Unit Credit Method including gains and losses at the year-end.

3.10. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost or Net Realisable Value, whichever is lower. Cost is computed on weighted average cost of procurements. Obsolete and slow moving inventories are fully depreciated in the Accounts.

3.11. Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are recognized at Fair Value less provision for impairment if any.

3.12. Provision and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking in to account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Contingent Liabilities are disclosed when there are possible obligations which may arise from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

3.13. Borrowing Cost

Interest and other borrowing costs attributable to qualifying assets are capitalized. Other Interest and Operational Borrowing Costs are recognised as Revenue Expenditure in the year in which these are incurred and are charged to Profit and Loss.

3.14. Taxes on Income

Taxes on income comprises of current taxes and deferred taxes. Current Tax in the statement of profit and loss is determined as the amount of income-tax payable/recoverable in respect of the taxable income for the current period using tax rates and tax laws enacted during the period, together with any adjustment to tax payable/recoverable in respect of previous years. Deferred Tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred Tax Assets are recognised subject to the consideration of prudence only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary differences arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity net of tax respectively

4. Financial Instruments and Related Disclosures

4.1. Capital Management

The Company's objective is to have a strong capital base in order to maximise the shareholders' wealth and to ensure the continuity of the business from its internal resources and if found necessary, from a judicious use of borrowing facilities to fund requirements during the peak season of capital as well as requirements for a comprehensive growth of the Company.

The Company also monitors capital management by using gearing ratio computed by net borrowings divided by own and loan capitals plus net borrowings.

₹ In Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2023	As at 31 st March, 2022
Borrowings	1297.07	1608.21
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	258.45	34.72
Net borrowings	1555.52	1573.49
Own Capital	7223.51	6823.93
Gearing ratio	0.22	0.23

4.2. Categories of Financial Instruments

<u>Particulars</u>	<u>31st March, 2023</u>		<u>31st March, 2022</u>	
	<u>Carrying Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Carrying Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Financial Assets				
<u>Measured at amortised cost</u>				
Equity (Investment in associates)	2984.89	2984.89	2984.89	2984.89
Cash and Cash Equivalents	258.45	258.45	34.72	34.72
Trade Receivables	67.61	67.61	67.25	67.25
Other Financial Assets	603.35	603.35	588.93	588.93
	3914.30	3914.30	3675.79	3675.79
<u>Measured at Fair value through OCI</u>				
Equity Shares	89.93	89.93	86.48	86.48
Total Financial Assets	4004.23	4004.23	3762.27	3762.27
Financial Liabilities				
<u>Measured at amortised cost</u>				
Borrowings	1297.07	1297.07	1362.14	1362.14
Trade Payables	129.45	129.45	120.43	120.43
Other financial Liabilities	27.64	27.64	398.68	398.68
Total Financial Liabilities	1454.16	1454.16	1881.25	1881.25

₹ in Lakhs

5. Financial risk management objectives

The Company faces a variety of financial risks, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company continues to focus on business risk management. The Company management seeks to enable the early identification, evaluation and effective management of key risks facing the business. The Company has strong internal control systems resting on policies and procedures issued by appropriate authorities, process of regular audits and monitoring of risks.

a) Market risk

Outbreak of Covid-19 pandemic has created high market risk for travel and tourism in general, and hotel industry in particular. Lockdowns have been put to place across the globe including in India by the concerned governments to break the chain of contagion of this infections disease. A panic has grown in the mindset of people and they are avoiding travel, both for business and leisure purpose, so that they do not contact the disease. The lockdowns have also hurt business communities as a whole resulting in a severe economic slowdown. This will pose high risk in days to come.

Hotel business, as it is, sensitive to changes in global and domestic economies, changes in local market conditions, excess room supply, reduced international or local demand for hotel rooms and associated services, competition in the industry, government policies and regulations, fluctuations in interest rates and foreign exchange rates and other natural and social factors.

b) Foreign currency risk

Your Company may be impacted by the fluctuation of the Indian Rupee against other foreign currencies. To mitigate this risk the Company has migrated to single currency billing in Indian Rupees.

c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The objective of the Company is to lessen the impact of adverse interest rate movements on its earnings and cash flows and to minimise counter party risks.

The Company is exposed to interest rate volatilities primarily with respect to its borrowings from banks as well as that on Inter Corporate deposits.

The Company manages such risk by proper leverage of its internal resources.

d) Interest rate sensitivity

Since both the Bank Borrowings (except repayable within One Year) are all long term in nature, the possible volatility in the interest rate exists.

e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may encounter difficulty including seasonality in meeting its obligations. The Company mitigates its liquidity risks by ensuring timely collections of its trade receivables, close monitoring of its credit cycle and ensuring optimal movement of its inventories.

The following shall be the remaining maturities of financial liabilities at 31.03.2023

Contractual maturity of financial liabilities	Upto 1 year	1 year to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
31 st March, 2023				
Borrowings (including current maturities)	491.13	805.94	-	1297.07
Lease Liabilities	0.93	2.92	34.31	38.16
Trade Payables	90.11	39.34	-	129.45
Other financial liabilities	62.01	27.64	-	89.65
	644.18	875.84	34.31	1554.33
31 st March, 2022				
Borrowings (including current maturities)	464.84	1043.37	100.00	1608.21
Lease Liabilities	1.03	3.23	48.46	52.72
Trade payables	57.55	62.88	-	120.43
Other financial liabilities	72.25	27.64	-	99.89
	595.67	1137.12	148.46	1881.25

f) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations leading to a financial loss. The Company has its policies to limit its exposure to credit risk arising from outstanding receivables. Management regularly assesses the credit quality of its customers. The credit risk of the Company is relatively low as the Company also sells largely its rooms through the online system (OTAs) which is on cash and carry basis and through corporates and travel agents which are mostly backed by effective credit contracts and/or on advance basis.

g) Socio-Political Risk

The Hotel Industry faces risk from volatile socio-political environment, internationally as well as within the country. India, being one of the fastest growing economies of the world, continues to attract investments. However, any adverse events such as political instability, conflict between nations, terrorist attacks or spread of any epidemic or security threats to any country may affect the level of travel and business activity.

h) Security Risks

The Hotel Industry to flourish requires peace at all times. The biggest villain in South East Asia has been terrorism supplemented by political instability. Subsequent to the Mumbai terror attacks in November 2008, the hotel industry has invested substantially on security and intelligence. The security concerns have duly restored confidence in the customer by providing international standards of safety.

i) Company-specific Risks

Heavy Dependence on India: Your Hotels, primarily dependent on domestic tourists, face a risk in case there is an economic recession, political instability, spurt in terrorism or any socio political fallout within Union of India.

Risk of wage inflation: The Hotel Industry needs quality employees and with demand for the same improving across the industry, the Company feels that wage inflation would be a critical factor in determining costs for the Company. Thus, your Company will continue to focus on improving manpower efficiencies and creating a lean organization, while maximizing effectiveness in terms of customer service and satisfaction, which is an area of great importance for your Company.

6. Fair value measurements

Fair value hierarchy

Fair value of the financial instruments is classified in various fair value hierarchies based on the following three levels:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted price including within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the fair value is determined using generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant input being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparty. This is the case with listed instruments where market is not liquid and for unlisted instruments.

The management consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets (other than those measured at fair values) and liabilities recognized in the financial statements approximately at their fair value.

There has been no change in the valuation methodology for Level 3 inputs during the year. The Company has not classified any material financial instruments under Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 3 during the year.

The following table presents the fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis

(₹ in Lakhs)

Financial Assets	Fair Value Hierarchy	Fair Value	
		31 st March, 2023	31 st March, 2022
Equity Shares	Level 3	89.93	86.48

7. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared Covid-19 outbreak as a pandemic. Responding to the potentially serious threat that this pandemic has to public health, Government have taken a series of measures to contain the outbreak, which included imposing multiple 'lock-downs' across the globe including in India. The lockdowns and restrictions imposed on various activities due to COVID – 19 pandemic have posed challenges for travel and tourism in general, and hotel industry in particular.

However, with reduction in Covid-19 cases post second and third wave in India, there has been a continuous and ready recovery for travel and tourism sector occupancy, both in terms at Room and outlet have increased.

The Company has assessed the potential impact of Covid-19 on its capital and financial resources, profitability, liquidity position, ability to service debt and other financing arrangements, supply chain and demand for its services. Various Steps have been initiated to raise finances from banks for working capital needs.

The Company has made an assessment on the recoverability and carrying value of its assets comprising of property, plant & equipment, investments, trade receivables, inventories, and other assets appearing in the financial statements of the Company and the management is of the view that there are no material adjustments required in the financial statements. However, the impact assessment of COVID 19 is a continuing process given the uncertainties associated

with its nature and duration. The company will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

8. Lease

Effective April 1, 2019, the Company adopted Ind AS 116, Leases and applied the standard to all lease contracts existing on April 1, 2019 using the modified prospective method with the option to measure the ROU asset at an amount equal to the lease liability. Accordingly, the Company has not restated comparative information and therefore will continue to be reported under the accounting policies included as part of our annual report for the year ended 31.03.2019.

The company has applied the new standard to service contracts of land use.

The Company has applied following practical expedients on transition to Ind AS 116 on initial application:

- a) Use of single discount rate to portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with similar end date
- b) Exclusion of initial direct cost from the measurement of the ROU asset at the date of initial application

The adoption of the new standard resulted in recognition of "Right-of-Use asset" of `38.93 lacs and a corresponding Lease liability of `38.93.

In respect of leasehold land that were classified as leases applying Ind AS 17, an amount of `1297.32 lacs (gross carrying amount) has been reclassified as ROU assets.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the Company's operating lease commitments as at 31.03.2019 to the total lease liability recognized on the balance sheet in accordance with Ind AS 116 as at 01.04.2019:

Particulars	Amount (₹ in lacs)
Operating lease commitments as at 31.03.2019	404.67
Less: Short-term leases	-
Less: Effect of discounting (@ 10.5%)	365.74
Total lease liabilities at 01.04.2019	38.93

Impact on ROU asset, lease liabilities company's profitability and cash flow are as follows:
Net carrying value of right of use assets recognised in the Balance Sheet and movement during the period: In Lakhs

Particulars	₹
As at 1 st April, 2022	1291.21
Depreciation	14.87
Balance as at 31 st March, 2023	1276.34

Carrying amounts of lease liabilities and movement during the period

Particulars	₹
As at 1 st April, 2022	52.72
Accretion of Interest	4.60
Payments made during the year	19.16
Balance as at 31 st March, 2023	38.16

Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and loss:

Particulars	₹
Depreciation expenses of Right-of-use assets (recognised in depreciation and amortisation expenses)	19.45
Interest Expenses on lease liabilities (recognised in Finance Costs)	4.60
Balance as at 31 st March, 2021	24.05

9. A. Non-Current Assets:-**Trade Receivables ageing Schedule Current reporting period As at March 31, 2023:**

₹ in Lac

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	-	-	7.30	1.01	2.59	10.90

Trade Receivables ageing Schedule Previous reporting period As at March 31, 2022:

₹ in Lac

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	-	-	3.07	10.98	0.60	14.65

B. Current Assets:-**Trade Receivables ageing Schedule Current reporting period As at March 31, 2023:**

₹ in Lac

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	53.40	3.31	-	-	-	56.71

NOTE – 28 (Continued)**Trade Receivables ageing Schedule Previous reporting period As at March 31, 2022:**

₹ in Lac

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	50.53	2.07	-	-	-	52.60

10. Trade Payables ageing Schedule Current reporting period As at March 31, 2023:

₹ in Lac

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	86.63	3.88	0.73	38.20	129.44

Trade Payables ageing Schedule Previous reporting period As at March 31, 2022:

₹ in Lac

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	65.38	3.67	5.32	46.05	120.42

11. Disclosure of Ratio:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022	Changes from previous year (%age)
Financial Ratios			
a) Current Ratio	1.08	0.83	30.05
Current Assets	781.37	539.05	
Current Liabilities	723.86	651.14	
b) Debt-Equity Ratio	0.18	0.24	-24.00
Debt	1297.07	1,608.21	
Equity	7111.02	6,823.93	
c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio	1.41	0.61	130.95
EBITDA	691.89	249.05	
Annual Debt Obligation	491.13	411.34	
d) Return on Equity Ratio	0.04	-0.01	-503.73
Profit after Tax	287.09	-48.00	
Net worth	7111.02	6,824	
e) Inventory Turnover Ratio	65.67	37.09	77.05
COGS	1267.37	951.46	
Average inventory	19.30	25.65	
f) Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	27.30	14.86	83.72
Net Sales	1840.93	1,009.66	
Average Account Receivables	67.43	67.94	
g) Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	1.85	1.02	81.09
Total Purchases	230.78	141	
Average Account Payables	124.94	139	
h) Net Capital Turnover Ratio	0.26	0.15	72.59
Annual Turnover	1840.92	1,009.66	
Net Worth / Shareholders Equity	7111.02	6,823.93	
i) Net Profit Ratio	0.16	-0.05	-411.90
Profit after tax	287.09	-48.00	
Sales	1840.92	1,009.66	
j) Return on Capital Employed	0.04	-0.01	-503.73
Profit after tax	287.09	-48.00	
Capital Employed	7111.02	6823.93	
k) Return on Investment	0.11	2.12	2.01
Profit after tax	3.45	65.25	
Investments	3074.82	3071.37	

* **Current Assets**

Current assets are those which

- is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle
 - is held primarily for the purpose of being traded
 - is expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting date
- is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

* **Current Liabilities**

- is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle
 - is held primarily for the purpose of being traded
 - is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date
- the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counter party, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its

- classification.

* **Accounts Receivable**

A receivable shall be classified as an "accounts receivable" if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods sold or services rendered in the normal course of business.

Average accounts receivable are the simple average of opening and closing receivables.

* **Accounts Payable**

A payable shall be classified as an "Accounts payable" if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased or services received in the normal course of business.

Average accounts payable are the simple average of opening and closing payables.

* **Capital Employed/ Net Worth/Investment in Business**

Capital employed consists of capital and retained earnings as on 31/03/2022

* **Inventory**

Inventory consists of raw materials and components, Stores and Spares, Work In Progress, Stock lying with Third-party, Goods in Transit, and Finished Goods.

Average inventories are the simple average of opening and closing inventory.

* **Cost of Goods Sold**

Cost of goods sold (COGS) refers to the direct costs of producing the goods sold by the company.

* **Sales**

Sales excludes GST

* **Explanation of change in ratio by more than 25% as compared to the previous year**

The company operates for few months in 2020/21 as a result of COVID, however, in 2021/22, the lockdown was much more relaxed after the second wave and the company operates more in 2021/22 which directly and indirectly attributes the changes in the ratios of 2021.

12. Disclosure of Shareholding of Promoters & others as under:

Sl. No.	Promoter Name	No of Shares	% of tota shares	% Change during the year
Individual :				
1	Vinay Kumar Goenka	436476	3.15%	0
2	Sunita Vinay Goenka	1709050	12.34%	0
3	Vinay Kumar Goenka HUF	122132	0.88%	0
4	Vivek Goenka	4555744	32.88%	0
Bodies Corporate :				
1	Warren Tea Limited	6500000	46.92%	0
2	Secra Plaza Private Limited	506841	3.66%	0
Public :				
1	Public	24023	0.17%	0
		13854266	100%	

13 CWIP ageing schedule as at 31.03.2023

Particulars	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Project in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects temporarily suspended (Building , Hotel projects at Jodhpur remains temporarily suspended)	-	-	-	10.94	10.94

CWIP ageing schedule as at 31.03.2022

Particulars	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Project in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects temporarily suspended (Building , Hotel projects at Jodhpur remains temporarily suspended)	-	-	-	10.94	10.94

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note Note 28 (Continued)

(₹ in Lakhs)

14 There is no capital commitment at the end of the year (Previous year - Nil).

	Current Year ₹	Previous Year ₹
15 Amounts paid/payable to Auditors		
(a) Statutory Audit Fees (including for Branch Auditors ₹ 1.15; Previous year - ₹ 0.90)	2.89	2.24
(b) Tax Audit (including for Branch Auditors ₹ 0.45; Previous year - ₹ 0.30)	0.69	0.54

16 There are no outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises based on information available with the Company.

17 The Company owns and runs business of hotels only and hence no segment reporting is considered necessary in terms of Ind AS - 108.

18 Related Party Disclosures

(i) Names and Relationship

Relationship	Name
Associate	Warren Tea Limited
Individual having Significant Influence	Mr. Vivek Goenka (Chairman)
Enterprises over which Individual having Significant Influence	Softweb Technologies Private Limited
Key Management Personnel	Mr. Saurabh Pal (Chief Executive and Financial Officer) Mr. Balkrishna Parasrampurua (Company Secretary)
Post employment Benefits	Warren Industrial & Associated Co's Superannuation Fund

	Current Year ₹	Previous Year ₹
(ii) Particulars of Transactions and Year-end balances		
Names and Relationships		
Key Management Personnel Remuneration		
Mr. Saurabh Pal	17.46	11.90
Mr. Balkrishna Parasrampurua	11.58	14.93
Key Management Personnel Compensation		
Short term employee benefits	27.09	25.95
Post employment benefits	1.95	0.88
Balance at the year-end		
Associate Investments		
Warren Tea Limited	2,984.89	2984.89
Key Management Personnel Current Liabilities		
Mr. Saurabh Pal	0.14	0.13
Mr. Balkrishna Parasrampurua	0.52	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 28 (Continued)

(₹ in Lakhs)

19 Post Employment Defined Benefit Plans:

The Company operates defined benefit scheme of Gratuity(Unfunded) and Superannuation(Funded) based on current salaries and expenses in accordance with the Rules of the Plans/ Funds. In terms of Accounting Policy enumerated in Point No. 3.9 above the following tables set forth the particulars in respect of the Defined Benefit Plans of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2020 arising out of actuarial valuations under Projected Unit Credit Method:

A) Funded and Unfunded Plans

I) Changes in Present Value of Obligation

Particulars	Superannuation (Funded)		Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
	₹	₹	₹	₹
Present value of obligation as on last valuation	33.56	41.81	27.90	24.62
Current Service Cost	0.00	1.60	3.63	3.10
Interest Cost	2.35	2.88	1.98	1.70
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Change in Financial Assumption	(0.47)	(0.00)	(0.12)	(0.08)
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Unexpected Experience	(1.64)	(12.73)	4.81	3.30
Benefits Paid	-	-	(2.57)	(4.74)
Present value of obligation as on valuation date	33.80	33.56	35.62	27.90

II) Changes in Fair Value of Plan assets

Particulars	Superannuation (Funded)	
	2022-23	2021-22
	₹	₹
Fair value of Plan Assets at Beginning of period	54.05	67.65
Interest Income	3.78	3.73
Employer Contributions	-	-
Benefits Paid	-	(13.60)
Return on Plan Assets excluding Interest Income	3.40	-3.73
Fair value of Plan Assets at End of measurement period	61.24	54.05

III) Reconciliation to Balance sheet

Particulars	Superannuation (Funded)	
	2022-23	2021-22
	₹	₹
Funded Status		
Fund Asset	61.24	54.05
Fund Liability	33.80	33.56
	-27.44	-20.49

IV) Plan Assumptions

Particulars	Superannuation (Funded)		Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
Discount Rate	7.27%	7.10%	7.40%	6.90%
Expected Return on Plan Asset	-	7.00%	-	-
Rate of Compensation Increase(Salary Inflation)	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Average expected future service (Remaining working Life)	1	1	21	21
Superannuation at age-Male	60	60	58	58
Superannuation at age-Female	60	60	58	58
Early Retirement & Disablement (All Causes Combined)	1.00%	1.00%	40.00%	40.00%
Voluntary Retirement	Ignored	Ignored	Ignored	Ignored

V) Expense Recognised in Statement of Profit/Loss

Particulars	Superannuation (Funded)		Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
	₹	₹	₹	₹
Current Service Cost	-	1.60	3.63	3.10
Net Interest Cost	(2.35)	(2.88)	1.98	1.70
Benefit Cost(Expense Recognized in Statement of Profit/loss)	(2.35)	(1.29)	5.62	4.80

VI) Other comprehensive Income

Particulars	Superannuation (Funded)		Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
	₹	₹	₹	₹
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Change in Financial Assumption	(0.47)	(0.00)	(0.12)	(0.08)
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Unexpected Experience	(1.64)	(12.73)	4.81	3.30
Total Actuarial (gain)/losses	(1.64)	(12.88)	4.69	3.22
Return on Plan Asset, Excluding Interest Income	3.78	3.73	-	-
Balance at the end of the Period	(5.84)	(9.00)	4.69	3.22
Net(Income)/Expense for the Period Recognized in OCI	(5.51)	(9.00)	4.69	3.22

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 28 (Continued)

(₹ in Lakhs)

VII) Allocation of Plan Asset at end of measurement Period and Percentage thereof (Superannuation Fund)

Particulars	2022-23		2021-22	
	Plan asset	Percentage	Plan asset	Percentage
	₹		₹	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	7.07	11.54	0.93	1.73
Special Deposit Scheme	-	-	-	-
Government of India Assets	-	-	0.34	0.63
Corporate Bonds	-	-	-	-
Annuity Contracts/Insurance Fund	53.45	87.28	52.08	96.36
Other (including Accrued Interest)	0.72	1.18	0.69	1.28
Total	61.24	100.00	54.05	100.00

VIII) Mortality Table (Both for superannuation and Gratuity)

Age	Mortality rate (Per Annum)
30 Years	0.000991
35 Years	0.001239
40 Years	0.001748
45 Years	0.002715
50 Years	0.004703
55 Years	0.007863
60 Years	0.006349
65 Years	0.010070
70 Years	0.016393
75 Years	0.027379
80 Years	0.046730

IX) Superannuation Sensitivity analysis

Particulars	2022-23		2021-22	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Impact for change in discount rate (1/(-)1%)(LY-/ + 0.5%)	30.99	37.06	30.65	36.99
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	-8.31%	9.64%	-8.67%	10.21%
Impact for change in salary growth (1/(-)1%)(LY-/ + 0.5%)	33.80	33.80	33.88	33.24
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	0.00%	0.00%	0.95%	-0.96%
Impact for change in attrition rate (1/(-)1%)(LY-/ + 0.5%)	33.47	34.14	33.56	33.56
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	0.99%	0.99%	0.00%	0.00%
Impact for change in mortality rate (-/+ 10%)	-	-	-	-
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	-	-	-	-

X) Gratuity Sensitivity analysis

Particulars	2022-23		2021-22	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Impact for change in discount rate (1/(-)1%)(LY-/ + 0.5%)	36.31	34.98	27.43	28.39
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	-1.94%	1.80%	-1.68%	1.76%
Impact for change in salary growth (1/(-)1%)(LY-/ + 0.5%)	35.61	35.66	28.43	27.39
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	0.03%	-0.11%	1.90%	-1.83%
Impact for change in attrition rate (1/(-)1%)(LY-/ + 0.5%)	35.10	36.20	27.86	27.94
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	-1.46%	-1.63%	-0.14%	0.14%
Impact for change in mortality rate (-/+ 10%)	35.64	35.60	-	-
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	-0.06%	0.06%	-	-

Note 28 (Continued)

XI) Estimated Future payments of Benefits(Past Service)

year	Superannuation (Funded) ₹	Gratuity (Unfunded) ₹
1	-	17.18
2	38.04	3.43
3	-	-
4	-	0.40
5	-	1.87
6 to 10	-	4.81
More than 10 years	-	-
Projected Benefit Obligation	<u>38.04</u>	<u>27.70</u>

XII Outlook for Net Periodic benefit Cost Next Year(For Gratuity Fund)

Current service Cost(Employer portion Only)	3.10
Interest Cost	1.70
Benefit Cost	4.79

XIII) Bifurcation of Net Liability

	Superannuation (Funded)		Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	2022-23 ₹	2021-22 ₹	2022-23 ₹	2021-22 ₹
Current Liability	-	-	17.18	13.89
Non-Current Liability	-27.44	-20.49	18.44	14.01
Net Liability	<u>-27.44</u>	<u>-20.49</u>	<u>35.62</u>	<u>27.90</u>

20 Post Employment Defined Contribution Plan

During the year, an aggregate amount of ₹ 8.57 (previous year ₹ 4.85) has been recognised as expenditure towards Provident Fund, defined contribution plan of the Company.

21 Movement in Deferred Tax Assets

Particulars	Timing Difference on Account of depreciation ₹	Timing difference for items allowed on payment ₹	Carried forward Loss ₹	Valuation on Investment ₹	Total ₹
As at 1st April, 2022	(78.48)	(0.64)	945.76	(19.47)	847.17
Charged / (credited)					
- to Profit and Loss	(11.81)	0.35	(101.27)	-	(112.73)
- to Other Comprehensive Income		0.66	-	(0.42)	0.24
As at 31st March 2023	<u>(90.29)</u>	<u>0.37</u>	<u>844.97</u>	<u>20.37</u>	<u>734.68</u>

Current Year
₹

Previous Year
₹

22 Reconciliation of Effective Tax Rate:

Profit from continuing operations before Income Tax expenses	395.30	(87.77)
Effective Tax at Present rate 26%	<u>102.78</u>	<u>(22.82)</u>
Adjustments:		
Effect of Change in Tax Rate	-	-
Lapse of Carry forward business loss	-	-
Adjustment of Carry forward Unabsorbed Depreciation and Capital Loss	-	(11.16)
Present year Business Loss carried forward	-	0.62
Other Items	9.95	(16.37)
Income Tax Expense	<u>112.73</u>	<u>(49.73)</u>

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LIMITED**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note 28 (Continued)Current Year
₹Previous Year
₹

23 Contingent Liabilities

(a) Income Tax matters under Appeal	143.56	143.56
(b) Sales Tax matters under Appeal	12.80	12.80
(c) Others	2.90	2.90

24 Unpaid Disputed Statutory Dues in respect of

(a) Income Tax		
Forum : Assessing Officer	143.56	143.56
Forum : Commission of Income Tax - Appeals	-	-
(b) Sales Tax		
Forum : Asstt. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes	12.80	12.80

25 Earnings Per Share

Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share

Number of Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	13854266	13854266
Number of Equity Shares at the end of the year	13854266	13854266
Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year	13854266	13854266
Face value of each Equity Share (₹)	10	10
Profit after Tax available for distribution to the Equity Shareholders	282.57	(137.49)
Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share (₹)	2.04	(0.99)
Dilutive Potential Equity Shares	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Signatures to Note Nos. 1 to 28

As per our Audit Report of even date

B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Firm Registration Number - 301011E / E300025
Chartered Accountants

Priya Agarwal
Partner

Membership Number - 303874
Kolkata, 22nd May, 2023

S. Pal

Chief Executive
and Financial Officer

B. K. Parasrampurua
Company Secretary

V. Goenka
Chairman

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LIMITED

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Current Year	Previous Year
A. Cash Flow from operating activities		
Profit / (Loss) before Taxation	395.30	-87.77
Adjustments for		
Depreciation and Amortisation	164.94	190.79
Finance Costs	131.65	146.03
Income from Interest and Dividends	(6.35)	(6.28)
Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	-	-
Provisions no longer required written back	(9.66)	(1.99)
Operating Profit before working capital changes	<u>675.88</u>	<u>240.78</u>
Adjustments for changes in		
Trade and Other Receivables and Current Assets	(28.03)	6.87
Inventories	13.34	(0.65)
Trade Payables and Other Liabilities	6.72	42.13
Cash generated from operations	<u>667.91</u>	<u>289.13</u>
Direct Taxes Paid	-	-
Net Cash from operating activities	(A) <u>667.91</u>	<u>289.13</u>
B. Cash Flow from investing activities		
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(10.48)	- 0.49
Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant and Equipment	-	-
Interest and Dividend Received	6.35	6.28
Net Cash from / (used) in investing activities	(B) <u>(4.13)</u>	<u>5.79</u>
C. Cash Flow from financing activities		
Payment of Lease Liability	(19.16)	
Repayment of Long Term Borrowings	(81.63)	(401.76)
Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings	-	257.18
Proceeds from Short Term Borrowings	16.56	(25.65)
Repayment of Short Term Borrowings	(224.17)	
Finance Costs Paid	(131.65)	(146.03)
Net Cash from / (used) in financing activities	(C) <u>(440.05)</u>	<u>(316.26)</u>
Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(A+B+C) 223.73	(21.34)
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Opening Balance		
Cash and Cash Equivalents [Note 10]	34.72	56.06
Closing Balance		
Cash and Cash Equivalents [Note 10]	258.45	34.72

1. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect Method as set out in the Ind AS-7 on Statement of Cash Flow.
2. The Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Cash Flow Statement.
3. Previous year's figures have been regrouped or rearranged, wherever necessary.

B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Firm Registration Number - 301011E /E300025
Chartered Accountants

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number - 303874
Kolkata, 22nd May, 2023

S. Pal
Chief Executive
and Financial Officer

B. K. Parasrampur
Company Secretary

V. Goenka
Chairman

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF
MAPLE HOTELS AND RESORTS LIMITED**

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statement

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated financial statements of **Maple Hotels and Resorts Limited** (“the Company”) and its associate company, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as “the consolidated financial statements”).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, (“Ind AS”) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Company and its associate company as at March 31, 2023, and their net loss & other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company and its associate company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI’s Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor’s Report Thereon

The Company’s Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board’s Report including Annexures to Board’s Report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our Auditor’s Report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management’s Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company’s Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Company and its associate in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Indian Accounting Standards (“Ind-AS”) specified in the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the Company and its associate are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the company and its associate and for preventing frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the Company and its associate are responsible for assessing the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the Company and its associates are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Company and its associate.

Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor’s report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,

intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company and its associate to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and its to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company and its associate to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the Direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of the Company or business activities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are independent auditors. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of net loss of Rs. 132.56 lacs and other comprehensive loss of Rs. 396.78 lacs for the year ended 31st March, 2023, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of an associate, whose financial statements have been audited by other auditors. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this associate, and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the associate, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements we give in **Annexure '1'** a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3(xxi) of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements we report that:
 - (a) We/ the other auditors whose report we have relied upon have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidation of the financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and reports of the other auditors.
 - (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Company and its associate as on March 31, 2023, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "**Annexure 2**". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, the Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors, hence the provisions of section 197 are not applicable to the Company.
- (a) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements:
 - i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Consolidated financial statements – Refer Note No. 28(24) to the Consolidated financial statements.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

- iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year.
- iv) a) The respective managements of the Company have represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the respective Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

b) The respective managements of the Company whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

c) Based on the audit procedures that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us, nothing has come to our or other auditor’s notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.
- V) The Company has neither proposed nor paid any dividend for the financial year, hence this sub-rule is not applicable.

For B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants FRN:
301011E/ E300025

Place: Kolkata
Date: 31st May, 2023

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number 303874
UDIN – 23303874BGTXGB1252

'ANNEXURE - 1' TO THE AUDITORS REPORT

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023, we report that:

There are no qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the Companies (Auditors Report) Order ("CARO") reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements.

For B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 301011E/ E300025

Place: Kolkata
Date: 31st May 2023

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number 303874
UDIN – 23303874BGTXGB1252

‘ANNEXURE – 2’ TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting **Maple Hotels & Resorts Limited** (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Respective Board of Directors of the Company and its associate company are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company and its associate, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

OTHER MATTER

Our report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, in so far as it relates to the associate company, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditor of such associate company.

For B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 301011E/ E300025

Place: Kolkata
Date: 31st May, 2023

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number 303874
UDIN – 23303874BGTXGB1252

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LTD
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2023

	Notes	As at 31st March 2023 ₹ in Lakhs	As at 31st March 2022 ₹ in Lakhs
ASSETS			
Non-current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	1	3771.87	3925.23
Other Intangible Assets	2	0.65	1.75
Capital Work-in-progress		10.94	10.94
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	3	734.68	847.17
Financial Assets			
Investments	4	2533.05	3058.93
Trade Receivables	5	10.90	14.65
Other Financial Assets	6	214.55	214.85
Other Non Current Assets	7	163.68	163.52
		<u>7440.32</u>	<u>8237.06</u>
Current Assets			
Inventories	8	12.63	25.97
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables	9	56.71	52.60
Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	258.45	34.72
Other Financial Assets	11	388.80	374.08
Other Current Assets	12	64.77	51.68
		<u>781.36</u>	<u>539.05</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>8221.68</u>	<u>8776.10</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share Capital	13	1385.43	1385.43
Other Equity		5183.81	5426.06
		<u>6569.24</u>	<u>6811.49</u>
Liabilities			
Non-Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	14	805.94	1143.37
Lease Liability	14(A)	37.23	51.69
Trade Payables - other than to micro and small enterprises		39.34	62.88
Other Financial Liabilities	15	27.64	27.64
Provisions	16	18.43	27.89
		<u>928.58</u>	<u>1313.47</u>
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	17	491.13	464.84
Lease Liability	17(A)	0.93	1.03
Trade Payables - other than to micro and small enterprises		90.11	57.55
Other Financial Liabilities	18	62.01	72.25
Other Current Liabilities	19	44.07	37.05
Provisions	20	35.61	18.42
		<u>723.86</u>	<u>651.14</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u>8221.68</u>	<u>8776.10</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements 28

The Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our Audit Report of even date

B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Firm Registration Number - 301011E / E300025
Chartered Accountants

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number - 303874
Kolkata, 31st May, 2023

S. Pal
Chief Executive
and Financial Officer

B. K. Parasrampur
Company Secretary

V. Goenka
Chairman

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LTD

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023**

	Notes	Current Year ₹ in Lakhs	Previous Year ₹ in Lakhs
INCOME			
Revenue From Operations	21	1840.92	1009.66
Other Income	22	23.01	13.90
Total Income		1863.93	1023.56
EXPENSES			
Food & Beverages Consumed	23	235.56	139.98
Employee Benefit Expenses	24	373.45	255.83
Finance Costs	25	131.65	146.03
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	26	164.94	190.79
Other Expenses	27	563.02	378.70
Total Expenses		1468.63	1111.33
Profit before Tax		395.30	-87.77
Tax Expenses:			
Deferred Tax		112.73	49.73
Profit / (Loss) for the year		282.57	(137.49)
Add: Share of Profit/(Loss) of Investments in Associate		(132.56)	189.99
Profit / (Loss) for the year		150.01	52.50
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit & Loss :			
Remeasurements of post-employment defined benefit obligations		0.83	5.78
Changes in fair value of Equity Instruments		3.45	65.25
Share of OCI in Associate		(559.85)	(22.85)
Income Tax relating to these items		163.31	18.47
		(392.26)	66.65
Total Comprehensive Income		(242.25)	119.15
Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 10/-each (₹)		2.04	(0.99)

Notes to the Financial Statements

28

The Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our Audit Report of even date

B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Firm Registration Number - 301011E / E300025
Chartered Accountants

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number - 303874
Kolkata, 31st May, 2023

S. Pal
Chief Executive
and Financial Officer

B. K. Parasrampur
Company Secretary

V. Goenka
Chairman

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

(₹ in Lakhs)

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL- CURRENT YEAR

Balance as at the beginning of the period as at 1st April, 2022	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	Balance as at the end of the period as at 31st March, 2023
1385.43	-	1385.43

EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL- PREVIOUS YEAR

Balance as at the beginning of the period as at 1st April,	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	Balance as at the end of the period as at 31st March, 2022
1385.43	-	1385.43

B. OTHER EQUITY - CURRENT YEAR

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Equity Instruments through other comprehensive Income	Total
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium Account	Retained Earnings		
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	856.22	7,210.32	(2,720.37)	79.89	5426.06
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	-	150.01	-	150.01
Consolidation adjustment of previous year			-		-
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	(395.71)	3.45	(392.26)
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	856.22	7,210.32	(2,966.07)	83.34	5183.81

OTHER EQUITY - PREVIOUS YEAR

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Equity Instruments through other comprehensive Income	Total
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium Account	Retained Earnings		
Balance as at 1st April, 2021	856.22	7,210.32	(2,945.72)	14.64	5135.46
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	-	52.50	-	52.50
Consolidation adjustment of previous year			171.45		171.45
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	1.40	65.25	66.65
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	856.22	7,210.32	(2,720.37)	79.89	5426.06

Nature and Purpose of Reserves

1 Capital Reserve

The excess of the book value of the assets acquired by way of amalgamation over the consideration has been recognised as Capital Reserve.

2 Securities Premium

Securities Premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. This is available for utilisation in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

3 Retained Earnings

This reserve represents the cumulative profit as well as remeasurement of defined benefit plans and can be utilized by the Company as free reserves.

As per our Audit Report of even date

B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Firm Registration Number - 301011E / E300025
Chartered Accountants

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number - 303874
Kolkata, 31st May, 2023

S. Pal
Chief Executive
and Financial Officer

B. K. Parasrampur
Company Secretary

V. Goenka
Chairman

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LIMITED
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
NOTE - 1
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - TANGIBLE

PARTICULARS	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT				DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION				₹ in Lakhs	
	As at 1st April 2022		As at 31st March 2023		Upto 1st April 2022		As at 31st March 2023		NET CARRYING AMOUNT	
	As at 1st April 2022	Additions	Disposals	As at 31st March 2023	Upto 1st April 2022	For the year	Disposals	As at 31st March 2023	As at 31st March 2023	As at 31st March 2022
Land - Freehold	578.97	-	-	578.97	-	-	-	-	578.97	578.97
Building	2311.54	-	-	2311.54	571.79	84.60	-	656.39	1655.15	1739.75
Plant & Machinery	589.13	0.50	-	589.63	401.61	35.19	-	436.80	152.85	187.79
Vehicles	14.54	-	-	14.54	11.32	0.28	-	11.60	2.94	2.55
Furniture & Fixtures	474.38	-	-	474.38	351.44	26.89	-	378.33	96.05	122.94
Office Equipment	0.15	-	-	0.15	0.13	0.01	-	0.14	0.01	0.02
Computer & Data Processors	8.70	9.98	-	18.68	6.70	2.42	-	9.12	9.56	2.00
Right of Use - Land (Refer Note 28.8)	1336.25	-	-	1336.25	45.04	14.87	-	59.91	1276.34	1291.21
TOTAL	5313.66	10.48	-	5324.14	1388.03	164.26	-	1552.29	3771.87	3925.23
Previous Year	5313.26	-	-	5313.26	1198.16	189.87	-	1388.03	3925.23	

NOTE - 2
INTANGIBLE ASSETS

PARTICULARS	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT				DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION				₹ in Lakhs	
	As at 1st April 2022		As at 31st March 2023		Upto 1st April 2022		As at 31st March 2023		NET CARRYING AMOUNT	
	As at 1st April 2022	Additions	Disposals	As at 31st March 2023	Upto 1st April 2022	For the year	Disposals	As at 31st March 2023	As at 31st March 2023	As at 31st March 2022
Computer Software (Rate of Amortisation-20%)	15.85	-	-	15.85	14.52	0.68	-	15.20	0.65	1.26
TOTAL	15.85	-	-	15.85	14.52	0.68	-	15.20	0.65	1.26
Previous Year	15.85	-	-	15.85	13.67	0.92	-	14.59	1.26	

Note: 1. Refer Note 14 & 17 for assets pledged as security for borrowings.

2. Title deeds of all Immovable Properties are held in name of the Company.

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LTD**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	As at 31st March 2023 ₹ in Lakhs	As at 31st March 2022 ₹ in Lakhs
Note - 3		
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET)		
Deferred Tax Assets		
Timing difference on account of :		
Expenses allowable on payment	0.37	(0.64)
Unabsorbed Business Loss	844.97	945.76
Deferred Tax Liability		
Timing difference on account of :		
Depreciation	90.29	78.48
Other Items	20.37	19.47
	<u>734.68</u>	<u>847.17</u>

Note - 4**INVESTMENTS****(Non-Current)**

(At Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income)

Unquoted - Equity Instrument

73,850 Equity Shares of ₹10/- each fully paid-up in
Warren Industrial Limited

89.93 86.48

Unquoted -Debentures

₹ 2600/- 5% Redeemable Debentures of

East India Clinic Limited fully paid-up

(Conversion to equity shares of Woodlands Multispeciality
Hospital Ltd. is pending)

* *

(At Cost)

Quoted - Equity Instruments

Investment in Associate

31,96,448 Equity Shares of ₹10/-

each fully paid-up in Warren Tea Limited

2,443.12 2,972.45

2,533.05 3,058.93**Notes:**

1. Market Value of Quoted Investments

1,550.28 1,459.18

2. Aggregate Value of Quoted Investments

2,443.12 2,972.45

3. Aggregate Value of unquoted Investments

89.93 86.48

4. * Indicates that Amount is below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company

Note - 5**TRADE RECEIVABLES****(Non-Current)**

Unsecured - Considered Good

10.90 14.65

10.90 14.65

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LTD
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	As at 31st March 2023 ₹ in Lakhs	As at 31st March 2022 ₹ in Lakhs
Note - 6		
OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
(Non-Current)		
Long term Receivables	186.80	186.80
Deposit with NABARD	0.03	0.03
Security Deposits	27.72	28.02
	<u>214.55</u>	<u>214.85</u>
Note - 7		
OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
(Unsecured - Considered Good)		
Security Deposits	-	-
Pre-Operative Expenses	9.67	9.67
Advance Income Tax (Net)	47.05	46.42
Advance with government authorities	106.96	107.43
	<u>163.68</u>	<u>163.52</u>
Note - 8		
INVENTORIES		
(Current)		
Stock of Food and Beverages	7.00	11.78
Stock of Stores and Supplies	5.63	14.19
	<u>12.63</u>	<u>25.97</u>
Note - 9		
TRADE RECEIVABLES		
(Current)		
Unsecured - Considered Good	56.71	52.60
	<u>56.71</u>	<u>52.60</u>
Note - 10		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
(Current)		
Balances with Banks		
In Current Account	255.12	30.47
Cash on Hand	2.48	3.40
Fixed Deposit with less than three months maturity	0.85	0.85
	<u>258.45</u>	<u>34.72</u>
Note - 11		
OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
(Current)		
Intercompany Deposits	388.80	374.08
	<u>388.80</u>	<u>374.08</u>
Note - 12		
OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
(Unsecured - Considered Good)		
Advances to Suppliers, Service Providers, etc.	24.39	14.86
Advance to Employees	4.22	7.06
Advance for Employees' Benefit	27.53	20.49
Prepaid Expenses	8.63	9.27
	<u>64.77</u>	<u>51.68</u>

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LTD
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	As at 31st March 2023 ₹ in Lakhs	As at 31st March 2022 ₹ in Lakhs		
NOTE - 13				
SHARE CAPITAL				
Authorised				
3,60,00,000 Equity Shares of `10/- each	<u>3600.00</u>	<u>3600.00</u>		
Issued, Subscribed & Paid-up				
1,38,54,266 Equity Shares of `10/- each fully paid-up	<u>1385.43</u>	<u>1385.43</u>		
	No. of Shares	No. of Shares		
Reconciliation of the number of Equity Shares Outstanding at the end of the year	<u>13854266</u>	<u>13854266</u>		
Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares of the Company				
Name	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
Warren Tea Limited	6500000	46.92	6500000	46.92
Mr. Vivek Goenka	4555744	32.88	4555744	32.88
Mrs. S. V. Goenka	1709050	12.34	1709050	12.34

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares:

The Company has only one class of shares being Equity Shares having a par value of ` 10/- each. All Equity Shares rank pari passu in all respects including voting rights, entitlement to dividend and repayment of capital.

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LTD
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	As at 31st March 2023 ₹ in Lakhs	As at 31st March 2022 ₹ in Lakhs
Note - 14		
BORROWINGS		
(Non-Current)		
Secured Loans		
Term Loans from a Bank	418.24	652.14
(Secured by equitable mortgage on Land and Building of two hotel units and hypothecation of all the moveable fixed assets (excluding vehicles) and Current Assets, both present and future, repayable by 29th February, 2024, 31st July, 2025 and 30th September, 2025)		
Unsecured Loans		
Loans under Subsidised Housing Scheme for Plantation Labour	0.66	0.66
Intercorporate Deposit	387.04	490.57
	<u>805.94</u>	<u>1,143.37</u>
Note - 14(A)		
(Non-Current)		
Lease Liability		
Lease Obligation	37.23	51.69
	<u>37.23</u>	<u>51.69</u>
Note - 15		
OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
(Non-Current)		
Liabilities & Deposits	27.64	27.64
	<u>27.64</u>	<u>27.64</u>
Note - 16		
PROVISIONS		
(Non-Current)		
Provision for Employee Benefits	18.43	27.89
	<u>18.43</u>	<u>27.89</u>
Note - 17		
BORROWINGS		
(Current)		
Secured Loans		
Bank Overdraft	235.33	218.77
(Secured by equitable mortgage on Land and Building of two hotel units and hypothecation of all the moveable fixed assets (excluding vehicles) and Current Assets, both present and future) repayable on demand.		
Current maturities of long term Debt	255.80	246.07
	<u>491.13</u>	<u>464.84</u>
Note - 17(A)		
(Current)		
Lease Liability		
Lease Obligation	0.93	1.03
	<u>0.93</u>	<u>1.03</u>
Note - 18		
OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
(Current)		
Employee Benefits Payable	28.70	40.01
Liability for Expenses	33.31	25.61
Interest accrued but not due	-	6.63
	<u>62.01</u>	<u>72.25</u>
Note - 19		
OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Advances from Customers	25.18	16.98
Statutory Liabilities	18.89	20.07
	<u>44.07</u>	<u>37.05</u>
Note - 20		
PROVISIONS		
(Current)		
Provisions for Employee Benefits	35.61	18.42
	<u>35.61</u>	<u>18.42</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	Current Year ₹ in Lakhs	Previous Year ₹ in Lakhs
NOTE - 21		
REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
Sale of Services		
Room and Hall Charges	1091.39	551.70
Other Sales & Services	84.86	40.40
Sale of Products		
Food Sale	654.88	413.06
Beverage Sale	9.79	4.50
Bar Sale	-	-
	<u>1840.92</u>	<u>1009.66</u>
NOTE - 22		
OTHER INCOME		
Interest Income on Deposits	6.35	6.28
Interest on Income Tax refund	0.00	-
Other Non-operating Income	7.00	5.63
Liabilities/ Provisions no longer required written back	9.66	1.99
	<u>23.01</u>	<u>13.90</u>
NOTE - 23		
FOOD & BEVERAGES CONSUMED		
Opening Stock	11.78	10.82
Add: Purchases during the year	230.78	140.94
	<u>242.56</u>	<u>151.76</u>
Less: Closing Stock	7.00	11.78
	<u>235.56</u>	<u>139.98</u>
NOTE - 24		
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE		
Salaries, Wages and Bonus	356.10	226.16
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	9.38	22.92
Gratuity	5.61	4.81
Employee Welfare Expenses	2.37	1.95
	<u>373.45</u>	<u>255.83</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	Current Year ₹ in Lakhs	Previous Year ₹ in Lakhs
NOTE - 25		
FINANCE COSTS		
Interest on Term Loan from Banks	95.32	61.53
Interest on Lease Liability	4.60	4.60
Others	31.73	79.90
	<u>131.65</u>	<u>146.03</u>

NOTE - 26		
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION		
Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment including Right of Use Assets (Refer Note 1)	164.26	189.87
Amortisation of Intangible Assets (Refer Note 2)	0.68	0.92
	<u>164.94</u>	<u>190.79</u>

NOTE - 27		
OTHER EXPENSES		
Power & Fuel	227.68	159.17
House Keeping Expenses	84.86	42.45
Rent	4.25	4.86
Loss on sale of Fixed Assets	-	-
Repairs and Maintenance		
- Buildings	10.77	8.92
- Plant & Machinery	28.51	14.99
- Others	13.16	7.54
Insurance	1.70	2.08
Rates and Taxes	18.31	13.69
Other Administrative Expenses	54.90	32.24
Audit Fees	2.43	2.03
Bank Charges	2.48	3.20
Travelling and Conveyance	22.03	13.06
Telephone Expenses	5.86	4.75
Professional Fees	16.47	11.52
Advertisement, Publicity and Business Promotion	2.37	2.00
Commission, Rebate and Discounts	67.24	56.20
	<u>563.02</u>	<u>378.70</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 28

1. Company Overview

Maple Hotels & Resorts Limited is primarily engaged in the hospitality business of Hotels and Resorts under the brand name 'Vesta Hotels and Resorts'. The Company presently has three hotels providing four star facilities – Vesta International and Vesta Maurya Palace, both located at Jaipur and Vesta Bikaner Palace at Bikaner.

2. Statement of Compliance with Ind AS

These consolidated financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as contained in [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] notified under Section 133 and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) The date of transition to Ind AS were 1st April 2016.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

3.1. Classification of Current and Non-Current

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 and Ind AS 1. The Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities.

3.2. Historical Cost Conventions

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India under the historical cost convention, except for the following:

- i) Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value;
- ii) Plan assets relating to defined benefit plans that are measured at fair value;

Historical cost is based on the fair value of the consideration received in exchange for goods and services.

Fair Value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates based on its judgements, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period; they are recognised in the period of the revision as well as for future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the financial statements of its Associate being Warren Tea Limited, India holding 26.75% ownership by the Company. Investments in Associate Companies are accounted for in accordance with Ind AS 28 on Investments in Associates or Joint Ventures in consolidated financial statements prescribed under the Act, under Equity method.

3.3. Sales and Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of discounts.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized in the income statement when the title, risk and rewards of ownership pass to the buyer. Revenue from sale of services is recognized when the rendering of services are completed to the satisfaction of the customer.

3.4. Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are accounted for at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities related to foreign currency transactions remaining unsettled at the end of the year are translated at year-end exchange rates.

Exchange Gains or Losses arising out of fluctuations in the exchange rates on settlement or translation are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

3.5. Government Grants

Government Grants/Assistance (Grant) are recognized at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with the conditions attached to them.

Grants relating to income are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognizes as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Grants relating to assets are presented as deferred income in the Balance Sheet and are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the related assets.

3.6. Property, Plant and Equipment

i) Tangible Assets

Freehold and Leasehold land are carried at historical cost. All other items of are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items of the related property, plant and equipment.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purpose are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Depreciation of these assets, are on the same basis as other property assets, and commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from its use. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated in a manner that amortise the cost of the assets net of its residual value, over their useful lives on a written down value method. For addition/disposal of items during the course of the year, depreciation/amortization is recognized on a pro-rata basis. Estimated useful lives of the assets are considered as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and the effect of any changes in estimate is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Compensation receivable for acquisition of assets of the Company is accounted for upon acceptance of Company's claim by the appropriate authorities.

Impairment of Assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

Transition to Ind AS

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all its property, plant and equipment recognised as at 1st April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP on transition to Ind AS and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of property, plant and equipment.

ii) Leases:

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as a lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right-of-use asset

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, deferred lease components of security deposits and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.

Unless the Company is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and its estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Land 99 Years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases contracts including lease of guest houses (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment's that are low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense in Statement of Profit and Loss.

3.7. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets of the Company are recognized when it is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance. An asset is recognized when it is expected to provide future economic benefits to flow to the Company. These assets are capitalized at the price what would be received to sale an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Useful life is determined as the period over which an asset is expected to be available for use by the Company. Depreciation on intangible assets is recognized so as to write of its cost over the useful life.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company had elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible assets recognized as of 1st April, 2016 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use the carrying value as its deemed cost.

3.8. Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the relevant instrument and are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial assets or financial liabilities. Purchase or sale of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date when the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

(i) Financial Assets Recognition and Classification

The financial assets are classified at initial recognition in the following measurement categories as:

- those subsequently measured at amortised cost.
- those to be subsequently measured at fair value [either through other comprehensive income (OCI), or through profit or loss]

Subsequent Measurement

- Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets which are held within the business model of collection of contractual cash flows and where those cash flows represent payments solely towards principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a financial asset that is measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired.

- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets that are held within a business model of collection of contractual cash flows and where the assets' cash flow represents solely payment of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are measured at fair value through OCI. Movements in carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for recognition of impairment gains or losses.

When a financial asset, other than investment in equity instrument, is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to statement of profit and loss.

Classification of equity instruments, not being investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements, depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through OCI. When investment in such equity instrument is derecognized, the cumulative gains or losses recognized in OCI is transferred within equity on such derecognition.

- Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. Movements in fair value of these instruments are taken in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Impairment losses are recognized in the profit or loss where there is an objective evidence of impairment based on reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. The Company recognizes loss allowances on trade receivables when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all the due amounts depending on product categories and the payment mechanism prevailing in the industry.

Income recognition on financial assets

Interest income from financial assets is recognised in profit or loss using effective interest rate method, where applicable. Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss only when the Company's right to receive payments is established and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

(ii) Financial Liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts.

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. Financial liabilities are classified at initial recognition and subsequently measured at amortized cost unless they fulfill the requirement of measurement at fair value through profit or loss. Where the financial liability has been measured at amortised cost, the difference between the initial carrying amount of the financial liabilities and their redemption value is recognized in the statement of profit and loss over the contractual terms using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in the finance income or finance cost in the statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive benefits have expired or been transferred, and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of such financial asset. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(iv) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.9. Employee Benefits

a) Short Term Employee Benefits

These are recognised at the undiscounted amount as expense for the year and are expensed as the related service is provided.

b) Post Employment Benefits

Contributions under Defined Contribution Plans payable in keeping with the related schemes are recognised as expenditure for the year.

In case of Defined Benefit Plans, the cost of providing the benefit is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method with actuarial valuation being carried out at each Balance Sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in full in Other Comprehensive Income for the period in which they occur. Past service cost is recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested, and otherwise is amortised on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised past service cost, if any, and as reduced by the fair value of plan assets, where funded. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefit available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

(i) The Company operates defined Contribution Scheme of Provident Funds and makes regular contributions to Provident Funds. Such contributions are recognised in the Accounts on accrual basis.

(ii) The Company operates defined benefit Superannuation Scheme administered by the Trustees, which are independent of the Company's finance. Such obligations are recognised in the Accounts on the basis of actuarial valuation applying Projected Unit Credit Method including gains and losses at the year-end.

(iii) The Company operates defined benefit Gratuity Scheme. Such obligations are recognised in the Accounts on the basis of actuarial valuation applying Projected Unit Credit Method including gains and losses at the year-end.

3.10. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost or Net Realisable Value, whichever is lower. Cost is computed on weighted average cost of procurements. Obsolete and slow moving inventories are fully depreciated in the Accounts.

3.11. Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are recognized at Fair Value less provision for impairment if any.

3.12. Provision and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking in to account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Contingent Liabilities are disclosed when there are possible obligations which may arise from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

3.13. Borrowing Cost

Interest and other borrowing costs attributable to qualifying assets are capitalized. Other Interest and Operational Borrowing Costs are recognised as Revenue Expenditure in the year in which these are incurred and are charged to Profit and Loss.

3.14. Taxes on Income

Taxes on income comprises of current taxes and deferred taxes. Current Tax in the statement of profit and loss is determined as the amount of income-tax payable/recoverable in respect of the taxable income for the current period using tax rates and tax laws enacted during the period, together with any adjustment to tax payable/recoverable in respect of previous years. Deferred Tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred Tax Assets are recognised subject to the consideration of prudence only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary differences arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity net of tax respectively

4. Financial Instruments and Related Disclosures

4.1. Capital Management

The Company's objective is to have a strong capital base in order to maximise the shareholders' wealth and to ensure the continuity of the business from its internal resources and if found necessary, from a judicious use of borrowing facilities to fund requirements during the peak season of capital as well as requirements for a comprehensive growth of the Company.

The Company also monitors capital management by using gearing ratio computed by net borrowings divided by own and loan capitals plus net borrowings.

₹ In Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2023	As at 31 st March, 2022
Borrowings	1297.07	1608.21
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	258.45	34.72
Net borrowings	1555.52	1573.49
Own Capital	7111.02	6823.93
Gearing ratio	0.22	0.23

4.2. Categories of Financial Instruments

₹ in Lakhs

<u>Particulars</u>	<u>31st March, 2023</u>		<u>31st March, 2022</u>	
	<u>Carrying Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Carrying Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Financial Assets				
<u>Measured at amortised cost</u>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	258.45	258.45	34.72	34.72
Trade Receivables	67.61	67.61	67.25	67.25
Other Financial Assets	603.35	603.35	588.93	588.93
	929.41	929.41	690.90	690.90
<u>Measured at Fair value through OCI</u>				
Equity Shares	89.93	89.93	86.48	86.48
Total Financial Assets	1019.34	1019.34	777.38	777.38
Financial Liabilities				
<u>Measured at amortised cost</u>				
Borrowings	1297.07	1297.07	1362.14	1362.14
Trade Payables	129.45	120.43	120.43	120.43
Other financial Liabilities	27.64	27.64	398.68	398.68
Total Financial Liabilities	1454.16	1454.16	1881.25	1881.25

- **Excludes Investments in Associates Measured using Equity Method**

5. Financial risk management objectives

The Company faces a variety of financial risks, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company continues to focus on business risk management. The Company management seeks to enable the early identification, evaluation and effective management of key risks facing the business. The Company has strong internal control systems resting on policies and procedures issued by appropriate authorities, process of regular audits and monitoring of risks.

a) Market risk

Though Covid-19 Pandemic outbreak has webbed out during the year under review, Probability of breakout of such contagious diseases in form of epidemic or pandemic cant be ruled out for future. Such Outbreaks, if happens, may hamper the public life and mind, thus affects their movability, hurting the travel and tourism industry in general, and Hospitality industry in particular.

Hotel business, as it is, sensitive to changes in global and domestic economies, changes in local market conditions, excess room supply, reduced international or local demand for hotel rooms and associated services, competition in the industry, government policies and regulations, fluctuations in interest rates and foreign exchange rates and other natural and social factors.

b) Foreign currency risk

Your Company may be impacted by the fluctuation of the Indian Rupee against other foreign currencies. To mitigate this risk the Company has migrated to single currency billing in Indian Rupees.

c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The objective of the Company is to lessen the impact of adverse interest rate movements on its earnings and cash flows and to minimise counter party risks.

The Company is exposed to interest rate volatilities primarily with respect to its borrowings from banks as well as that on Inter Corporate deposits.

The Company manages such risk by proper leverage of its internal resources.

d) Interest rate sensitivity

Since both the Bank Borrowings (except repayable within One Year) are all long term in nature, the possible volatility in the interest rate exists.

e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may encounter difficulty including seasonality in meeting its obligations. The Company mitigates its liquidity risks by ensuring timely collections of its trade receivables, close monitoring of its credit cycle and ensuring optimal movement of its inventories.

The following shall be the remaining maturities of financial liabilities at 31.03.2022

Contractual maturity of financial liabilities	Upto 1 year	1 year to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
31 st March, 2023				
Borrowings (including current maturities)	491.13	805.94	-	1297.07
Lease Liabilities	0.93	2.92	34.31	38.16
Trade Payables	90.11	39.34	-	129.45
Other financial liabilities	62.01	27.64	-	89.65
	644.18	875.84	34.31	1554.33
31 st March, 2022				
Borrowings (including current maturities)	464.84	1043.37	100.00	1608.21
Lease Liabilities	1.03	3.23	48.46	52.75
Trade payables	57.55	62.88	-	120.43
Other financial liabilities	72.25	27.64	-	99.89
	595.67	1137.12	148.46	1881.25

f) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations leading to a financial loss. The Company has its policies to limit its exposure to credit risk arising from outstanding receivables. Management regularly assesses the credit quality of its customers. The credit risk of the Company is relatively low as the Company also sells largely its rooms through the online system (OTAs) which is on cash and carry basis and through corporates and travel agents which are mostly backed by effective credit contracts and/or on advance basis.

g) Socio-Political Risk

The Hotel Industry faces risk from volatile socio-political environment, internationally as well as within the country. India, being one of the fastest growing economies of the world, continues to attract investments. However, any adverse events such as political instability, conflict between nations, terrorist attacks or spread of any epidemic or security threats to any country may affect the level of travel and business activity.

h) Security Risks

The Hotel Industry to flourish requires peace at all times. The biggest villain in South East Asia has been terrorism supplemented by political instability. Subsequent to the Mumbai terror attacks in November 2008, the hotel industry has invested substantially on security and intelligence. The security concerns have duly restored confidence in the customer by providing international standards of safety.

i) Company-specific Risks

Heavy Dependence on India: Your Hotels, primarily dependent on domestic tourists, face a risk in case there is an economic recession, political instability, spurt in terrorism or any socio political fallout within Union of India.

Risk of wage inflation: The Hotel Industry needs quality employees and with demand for the same improving across the industry, the Company feels that wage inflation would be a critical factor in determining costs for the Company. Thus, your Company will continue to focus on improving manpower efficiencies and creating a lean organization, while maximizing effectiveness in terms of customer service and satisfaction, which is an area of great importance for your Company.

6. Fair value measurements

Fair value hierarchy

Fair value of the financial instruments is classified in various fair value hierarchies based on the following three levels:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted price including within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the fair value is determined using generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant input being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparty. This is the case with listed instruments where market is not liquid and for unlisted instruments.

The management consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets (other than those measured at fair values) and liabilities recognized in the financial statements approximately at their fair value.

There has been no change in the valuation methodology for Level 3 inputs during the year. The Company has not classified any material financial instruments under Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 3 during the year.

The following table presents the fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis

(₹ in Lakhs)

Financial Assets	Fair Value Hierarchy	Fair Value	
		31 st March, 2022	31 st March, 2021
Equity Shares	Level 3	89.93	86.48

7. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared Covid-19 outbreak as a pandemic. Responding to the potentially serious threat that this pandemic has to public health, Government have taken a series of measures to contain the outbreak, which included imposing multiple 'lock-downs' across the globe including in India. The lockdowns and restrictions imposed on various activities due to COVID – 19 pandemic have posed challenges for travel and tourism in general, and hotel industry in particular.

However, with reduction in Covid-19 cases post second and third wave in India, there has been a continuous and ready recovery for travel and tourism sector occupancy, both in terms at Room and outlet have increased.

The Company has assessed the potential impact of Covid-19 on its capital and financial resources, profitability, liquidity position, ability to service debt and other financing arrangements, supply chain and demand for its services. Various Steps have been initiated to raise finances from banks for working capital needs.

The Company has made an assessment on the recoverability and carrying value of its assets comprising of property, plant & equipment, investments, trade receivables, inventories, and other assets appearing in the financial statements of the Company and the management is of the view that there are no material adjustments required in the financial statements. However, the impact assessment of COVID 19 is a continuing process given the uncertainties associated with its nature and duration. The company will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

8. Lease

Effective April 1, 2019, the Company adopted Ind AS 116, Leases and applied the standard to all lease contracts existing on April 1, 2019 using the modified prospective method with the option to measure the ROU asset at an amount equal to the lease liability. Accordingly, the Company has not restated comparative information and therefore will continue to be reported under the accounting policies included as part of our annual report for the year ended 31.03.2019.

The company has applied the new standard to service contracts of land use.

The Company has applied following practical expedients on transition to Ind AS 116 on initial application:

- a) Use of single discount rate to portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with similar end date
- b) Exclusion of initial direct cost from the measurement of the ROU asset at the date of initial application

The adoption of the new standard resulted in recognition of "Right-of-Use asset" of `38.93 lacs and a corresponding Lease liability of `38.93.

In respect of leasehold land that were classified as leases applying Ind AS 17, an amount of `1297.32 lacs (gross carrying amount) has been reclassified as ROU assets.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the Company's operating lease commitments as at 31.03.2019 to the total lease liability recognized on the balance sheet in accordance with Ind AS 116 as at 01.04.2019:

Particulars	Amount (₹ in lacs)
Operating lease commitments as at 31.03.2019	404.67
Less: Short-term leases	-
Less: Effect of discounting (@ 10.5%)	365.74
Total lease liabilities at 01.04.2019	38.93

Impact on ROU asset, lease liabilities company's profitability and cash flow are as follows:
Net carrying value of right of use assets recognised in the Balance Sheet and movement during the period: In Lakhs

Particulars	₹
As at 1 st April, 2022	1291.21
Depreciation	14.87
Balance as at 31 st March, 2023	1276.34

Carrying amounts of lease liabilities and movement during the period

Particulars	₹
As at 1 st April, 2022	52.72
Accretion of Interest	4.60
Payments made during the year	19.16
Balance as at 31 st March, 2023	38.16

Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and loss:

Particulars	₹
Depreciation expenses of Right-of-use assets (recognised in depreciation and amortisation expenses)	19.45
Interest Expenses on lease liabilities (recognised in Finance Costs)	4.60
Balance as at 31 st March, 2021	24.05

9. A. Non-Current Assets:-**Trade Receivables ageing Schedule Current reporting period As at March 31, 2023:**

₹ in Lac

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	-	-	7.30	1.01	2.59	10.90

Trade Receivables ageing Schedule Previous reporting period As at March 31, 2022:

₹ in Lac

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	-	-	3.07	10.98	0.60	14.65

B. Current Assets:-**Trade Receivables ageing Schedule Current reporting period As at March 31, 2023:**

₹ in Lac

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	53.40	3.31	-	-	-	56.71

NOTE – 28 (Continued)**Trade Receivables ageing Schedule Previous reporting period As at March 31, 2022:**

₹ in Lac

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	50.53	2.07	-	-	-	52.60

10. Trade Payables ageing Schedule Current reporting period As at March 31, 2023:

₹ in Lac

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	86.63	3.88	0.73	38.20	129.44

Trade Payables ageing Schedule Previous reporting period As at March 31, 2022:

₹ in Lac

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	65.38	3.67	5.32	46.05	120.42

11. Disclosure of Ratio:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022	Changes from previous year (%age)
Financial Ratios			
a) Current Ratio	1.08	0.83	30.05
Current Assets	781.37	539.05	
Current Liabilities	723.86	651.14	
b) Debt-Equity Ratio	0.18	0.24	-24.00
Debt	1297.07	1,608.21	
Equity	7111.02	6,823.93	
c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio	1.41	0.61	130.95
EBITDA	691.89	249.05	
Annual Debt Obligation	491.13	411.34	
d) Return on Equity Ratio	0.04	-0.01	-503.73
Profit after Tax	287.09	-48.00	
Net worth	7111.02	6,824	
e) Inventory Turnover Ratio	65.67	37.09	77.05
COGS	1267.37	951.46	
Average inventory	19.30	25.65	
f) Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	27.30	14.86	83.72
Net Sales	1840.93	1,009.66	
Average Account Receivables	67.43	67.94	
g) Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	1.85	1.02	81.09
Total Purchases	230.78	141	
Average Account Payables	124.94	139	
h) Net Capital Turnover Ratio	0.26	0.15	72.59
Annual Turnover	1840.92	1,009.66	
Net Worth / Shareholders Equity	7111.02	6,823.93	
i) Net Profit Ratio	0.16	-0.05	-411.90
Profit after tax	287.09	-48.00	
Sales	1840.92	1,009.66	
j) Return on Capital Employed	0.04	-0.01	-503.73
Profit after tax	287.09	-48.00	
Capital Employed	7111.02	6823.93	
k) Return on Investment	0.11	2.12	2.01
Profit after tax	3.45	65.25	
Investments	3074.82	3071.37	

* **Current Assets**

Current assets are those which

- is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle
- is held primarily for the purpose of being traded
- is expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting date
- is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

* **Current Liabilities**

- is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle
 - is held primarily for the purpose of being traded
 - is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date
- the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counter party, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its

classification.

* **Accounts Receivable**

A receivable shall be classified as an "accounts receivable" if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods sold or services rendered in the normal course of business.

Average accounts receivable are the simple average of opening and closing receivables.

* **Accounts Payable**

A payable shall be classified as an "Accounts payable" if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased or services received in the normal course of business.

Average accounts payable are the simple average of opening and closing payables.

* **Capital Employed/ Net Worth/Investment in Business**

Capital employed consists of capital and retained earnings as on 31/03/2022

* **Inventory**

Inventory consists of raw materials and components, Stores and Spares, Work In Progress, Stock lying with Third-party, Goods in Transit, and Finished Goods.

Average inventories are the simple average of opening and closing inventory.

* **Cost of Goods Sold**

Cost of goods sold (COGS) refers to the direct costs of producing the goods sold by the company.

* **Sales**

Sales excludes GST

* **Explanation of change in ratio by more than 25% as compared to the previous year**

Since the Covid-19 pandemic gradually webbed out during the year under review, Hotel Industry in general and your company, in particular, has graduated to achieve pre-pandemic level levels. Since the Pandemic outbreak had hit hotel industry very very hard in financial year 2021/22, improvement in ratios reflect your Company's recovery in post-pandemic era.

12. Disclosure of Shareholding of Promoters & others as under:

Sl. No.	Promoter Name	No of Shares	% of tota shares	% Change during the year
	Individual :			
1	Vinay Kumar Goenka	436476	3.15%	0
2	Sunita Vinay Goenka	1709050	12.34%	0
3	Vinay Kumar Goenka HUF	122132	0.88%	0
4	Vivek Goenka	4555744	32.88%	0
	Bodies Corporate :			
1	Warren Tea Limited	6500000	46.92%	0
2	Sectra Plaza Private Limited	506841	3.66%	0
	Public :			
1	Public	24023	0.17%	0
		13854266	100%	

13. CWIP ageing schedule as at 31.03.2023

Particulars	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Project in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects temporarily suspended (Building , Hotel projects at Jodhpur remains temporarily suspended)	-	-	-	10.94	10.94

CWIP ageing schedule as at 31.03.2022

Particulars	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Project in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects temporarily suspended (Building , Hotel projects at Jodhpur remains temporarily suspended)	-	-	-	10.94	10.94

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LIMITED

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note Note 28 (Continued)

(₹ in Lakhs)

14 There is no capital commitment at the end of the year (Previous year - Nil).

	Current Year ₹	Previous Year ₹
15 Amounts paid/payable to Auditors		
(a) Statutory Audit Fees (including for Branch Auditors ₹ 0.90; Previous year - ₹ 0.90)	2.89	2.24
(b) Tax Audit (including for Branch Auditors ₹ 0.30; Previous year - ₹ 0.30)	0.69	0.54

16 There are no outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises based on information available with the Company.

17 The Company owns and runs business of hotels only and hence no segment reporting is considered necessary in terms of Ind AS - 108.

18 Related Party Disclosures

(i) Names and Relationship

Relationship	Name
Associate	Warren Tea Limited
Individual having Significant Influence	Mr. Vivek Goenka (Chairman)
Enterprises over which Individual having Significant Influence	Softweb Technologies Private Limited
Key Management Personnel	Mr. Saurabh Pal (Chief Executive and Financial Officer) Mr. Balkrishna Parasrampurua (Company Secretary)
Post employment Benefits	Warren Industrial & Associated Co's Superannuation Fund

	Current Year ₹	Previous Year ₹
(ii) Particulars of Transactions and Year-end balances		
Names and Relationships		
Key Management Personnel Remuneration		
Mr. Saurabh Pal	17.46	11.90
Mr. Balkrishna Parasrampurua	11.58	14.93
Key Management Personnel Compensation		
Short term employee benefits	27.09	25.95
Post employment benefits	1.95	0.88
Balance at the year-end		
Associate Investments		
Warren Tea Limited	2,984.89	2984.89
Key Management Personnel Current Liabilities		
Mr. Saurabh Pal	0.14	0.13
Mr. Balkrishna Parasrampurua	0.52	-

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 28 (Continued)

(₹ in Lakhs)

19 Post Employment Defined Benefit Plans:

The Company operates defined benefit scheme of Gratuity(Unfunded) and Superannuation(Funded) based on current salaries and expenses in accordance with the Rules of the Plans/ Funds. In terms of Accounting Policy enumerated in Point No. 3.9 above the following tables set forth the particulars in respect of the Defined Benefit Plans of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2020 arising out of actuarial valuations under Projected Unit Credit Method:

A) Funded and Unfunded Plans

I) Changes in Present Value of Obligation

Particulars	Superannuation (Funded)		Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
	₹	₹	₹	₹
Present value of obligation as on last valuation	33.56	41.81	27.90	24.62
Current Service Cost	0.00	1.60	3.63	3.10
Interest Cost	2.35	2.88	1.98	1.70
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Change in Financial Assumption	(0.47)	(0.00)	(0.12)	(0.08)
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Unexpected Experience	(1.64)	(12.73)	4.81	3.30
Benefits Paid	-	-	(2.57)	(4.74)
Present value of obligation as on valuation date	33.80	33.56	35.62	27.90

II) Changes in Fair Value of Plan assets

Particulars	Superannuation (Funded)	
	2022-23	2021-22
	₹	₹
Fair value of Plan Assets at Beginning of period	54.05	67.65
Interest Income	3.78	3.73
Employer Contributions	-	-
Benefits Paid	-	(13.60)
Return on Plan Assets excluding Interest Income	3.40	-3.73
Fair value of Plan Assets at End of measurement period	61.24	54.05

III) Reconciliation to Balance sheet

Particulars	Superannuation (Funded)	
	2022-23	2021-22
	₹	₹
Funded Status		
Fund Asset	61.24	54.05
Fund Liability	33.80	33.56
	-27.44	-20.49

IV) Plan Assumptions

Particulars	Superannuation (Funded)		Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
Discount Rate	7.27%	7.10%	7.40%	6.90%
Expected Return on Plan Asset	-	7.00%	-	-
Rate of Compensation Increase(Salary Inflation)	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Average expected future service (Remaining working Life)	1	1	21	21
Superannuation at age-Male	60	60	58	58
Superannuation at age-Female	60	60	58	58
Early Retirement & Disablement (All Causes Combined)	1.00%	1.00%	40.00%	40.00%
Voluntary Retirement	Ignored	Ignored	Ignored	Ignored

V) Expense Recognised in Statement of Profit/Loss

Particulars	Superannuation (Funded)		Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
Current Service Cost	-	1.60	3.63	3.10
Net Interest Cost	(2.35)	(2.88)	1.98	1.70
Benefit Cost(Expense Recognized in Statement of Profit/loss)	(2.35)	(1.29)	5.62	4.80

VI) Other comprehensive Income

Particulars	Superannuation (Funded)		Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
	₹	₹	₹	₹
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Change in Financial Assumption	(0.47)	(0.00)	(0.12)	(0.08)
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Unexpected Experience	(1.64)	(12.73)	4.81	3.30
Total Actuarial (gain)/losses	(1.64)	(12.88)	4.69	3.22
Return on Plan Asset, Excluding Interest Income	3.78	3.73	-	-
Balance at the end of the Period	(5.84)	(9.00)	4.69	3.22
Net(Income)/Expense for the Period Recognized in OCI	(5.51)	(9.00)	4.69	3.22

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LIMITED

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 28 (Continued)

(₹ in Lakhs)

VII) Allocation of Plan Asset at end of measurement Period and Percentage thereof (Superannuation Fund)

Particulars	2022-23		2021-22	
	Plan asset	Percentage	Plan asset	Percentage
	₹		₹	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	7.07	11.54	0.93	1.73
Special Deposit Scheme	-	-	-	-
Government of India Assets	-	-	0.34	0.63
Corporate Bonds	-	-	-	-
Annuity Contracts/Insurance Fund	53.45	87.28	52.08	96.36
Other (including Accrued Interest)	0.72	1.18	0.69	1.28
Total	61.24	100.00	54.05	100.00

VIII) Mortality Table (Both for superannuation and Gratuity)

Age	Mortality rate (Per Annum)
30 Years	0.000991
35 Years	0.001239
40 Years	0.001748
45 Years	0.002715
50 Years	0.004703
55 Years	0.007863
60 Years	0.006349
65 Years	0.010070
70 Years	0.016393
75 Years	0.027379
80 Years	0.046730

IX) Superannuation Sensitivity analysis

Particulars	2022-23		2021-22	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Impact for change in discount rate (1/(-)1%)(LY-/ + 0.5%)	30.99	37.06	30.65	36.99
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	-8.31%	9.64%	-8.67%	10.21%
Impact for change in salary growth (1/(-)1%)(LY-/ + 0.5%)	33.80	33.80	33.88	33.24
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	0.00%	0.00%	0.95%	-0.96%
Impact for change in attrition rate (1/(-)1%)(LY-/ + 0.5%)	33.47	34.14	33.56	33.56
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	0.99%	0.99%	0.00%	0.00%
Impact for change in mortality rate (-/+ 10%)	-	-	-	-
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	-	-	-	-

X) Gratuity Sensitivity analysis

Particulars	2022-23		2021-22	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Impact for change in discount rate (1/(-)1%)(LY-/ + 0.5%)	36.31	34.98	27.43	28.39
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	-1.94%	1.80%	-1.68%	1.76%
Impact for change in salary growth (1/(-)1%)(LY-/ + 0.5%)	35.61	35.66	28.43	27.39
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	0.03%	-0.11%	1.90%	-1.83%
Impact for change in attrition rate (1/(-)1%)(LY-/ + 0.5%)	35.10	36.20	27.86	27.94
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	-1.46%	-1.63%	-0.14%	0.14%
Impact for change in mortality rate (-/+ 10%)	35.64	35.60	-	-
%Change compared to base due to sensitivity	-0.06%	0.06%	-	-

Note 28 (Continued)

XI) Estimated Future payments of Benefits(Past Service)

year	Superannuation (Funded) ₹	Gratuity (Unfunded) ₹
1	-	17.18
2	38.04	3.43
3	-	-
4	-	0.40
5	-	1.87
6 to 10	-	4.81
More than 10 years	-	-
Projected Benefit Obligation	<u>38.04</u>	<u>27.70</u>

XII Outlook for Net Periodic benefit Cost Next Year(For Gratuity Fund)

Current service Cost(Employer portion Only)	3.63
Interest Cost	1.98
Benefit Cost	5.61

XIII) Bifurcation of Net Liability

	Superannuation (Funded)		Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	2022-23 ₹	2021-22 ₹	2022-23 ₹	2021-22 ₹
Current Liability	-	-	17.18	13.89
Non-Current Liability	-27.44	-20.49	18.44	14.01
Net Liability	<u>-27.44</u>	<u>-20.49</u>	<u>35.62</u>	<u>27.90</u>

20 Post Employment Defined Contribution Plan

During the year, an aggregate amount of ₹ 8.57 (previous year ₹ 4.85) has been recognised as expenditure towards Provident Fund, defined contribution plan of the Company.

21 Movement in Deferred Tax Assets

Particulars	Timing Difference on Account of depreciation ₹	Timing difference for items allowed on payment ₹	Carried forward Loss ₹	Other items ₹	Total ₹
As at 1st April, 2022	(78.48)	(0.64)	945.76	(19.47)	847.17
Charged / (credited)					
- to Profit and Loss	(11.81)	0.35	(101.27)	-	(112.73)
- to Other Comprehensive Income		0.66	-	(0.42)	0.24
As at 31st March 2023	<u>(90.29)</u>	<u>0.37</u>	<u>844.49</u>	<u>(19.89)</u>	<u>734.68</u>

Current Year
₹

Previous Year
₹

22 Reconciliation of Effective Tax Rate:

Profit from continuing operations before Income Tax expenses	395.30	(87.77)
Effective Tax at Present rate 26%	<u>102.78</u>	<u>(22.82)</u>
Adjustments:		
Effect of Change in Tax Rate	-	-
Lapse of Carry forward business loss	-	-
Adjustment of Carry forward Unabsorbed Depreciation and Capital Loss	-	(11.16)
Present year Business Loss carried forward	-	0.62
Other Items	9.95	(16.37)
Income Tax Expense	<u>112.73</u>	<u>(49.73)</u>

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LIMITED
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note 28 (Continued)

 Current Year
₹

 Previous Year
₹

23 Statement containing Financial Information of Associate :

Sl No	Name of the Entity	Net Assets		Share in Profit or Loss		Share in OCI		Total Comprehensive Income	
		As % of Consolidated Net Assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated Profit or Loss	Amount	As % of Consolidated OCI	Amount	As % of Consolidated Total Comprehensive Income	Amount
1	Parent Maple Hotels & Resorts Limited	108.25% [105.38%]	7111.02 [6823.93]	188.36% [-145.62%]	282.57 [(412.72)]	-42.73% [5.86%]	167.59 [3.22]	-185.83% [-121.01%]	450.16 [-409.50]
2	Associate Warren Tea Limited	-8.25% [-5.38%]	(541.77) [-12.44]	-88.36% [245.62%]	(132.56) [696.15]	142.73% - [94.14%]	559.85 [51.76]	285.83% [221.01%]	-692.41 [747.91]
	Total	100.00% [100%]	6569.24 6811.49	100.00% [100%]	150.01 [283.43]	100.00% - [100%]	392.26 [54.98]	100.00% [100]	-242.24 [338.41]

Figures of Previous Year are indicated in Italics within brackets "[]"

24 Contingent Liabilities

(a)	Income Tax matters under Appeal	143.56	143.56
(b)	Sales Tax matters under Appeal	12.80	12.80
(c)	Others	2.90	2.90

25 Unpaid Disputed Statutory Dues in respect of

(a)	Income Tax		
	Forum : Assessing Officer	143.56	143.56
	Forum : Commission of Income Tax - Appeals	-	-
(b)	Sales Tax		
	Forum : Asstt. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes	12.80	12.80

26 Earnings Per Share

Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share		
Number of Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	13854266	13854266
Number of Equity Shares at the end of the year	13854266	13854266
Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year	13854266	13854266
Face value of each Equity Share (₹)	10	10
Profit after Tax available for distribution to the Equity Shareholders	282.57	(137.49)
Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share (₹)	2.04	(0.99)
Dilutive Potential Equity Shares	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Signatures to Note Nos. 1 to 28

As per our Audit Report of even date

 B M Chatrath & Co LLP
 Firm Registration Number - 301011E / E300025
 Chartered Accountants

 Priya Agarwal
 Partner
 Membership Number - 303874
 Kolkata, 31st May, 2023

 S. Pal
 Chief Executive
 and Financial Officer

 B. K. Parasrampur
 Company Secretary

 V. Goenka
 Chairman

MAPLE HOTELS & RESORTS LIMITED

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Current Year	Previous Year
A. Cash Flow from operating activities		
Profit / (Loss) before Taxation	395.30	-87.77
Adjustments for		
Depreciation and Amortisation	164.94	190.79
Finance Costs	131.65	146.03
Income from Interest and Dividends	(6.35)	(6.28)
Provisions no longer required written back	(9.66)	(1.99)
Operating Profit before working capital changes	<u>675.88</u>	<u>240.78</u>
Adjustments for changes in		
Trade and Other Receivables and Current Assets	(28.03)	6.87
Inventories	13.34	(0.65)
Trade Payables and Other Liabilities	6.72	42.13
Cash generated from operations	<u>667.91</u>	<u>289.13</u>
Direct Taxes Paid	-	-
Net Cash from operating activities	(A) <u>667.91</u>	<u>289.13</u>
B. Cash Flow from investing activities		
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(10.48)	- 0.49
Interest and Dividend Received	6.35	6.28
Net Cash from / (used) in investing activities	(B) <u>(4.13)</u>	<u>5.79</u>
C. Cash Flow from financing activities		
Payment of Lease liability	(19.16)	
Repayment of Long Term Borrowings	(81.63)	(401.76)
Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings	-	257.18
Proceeds from Short Term Borrowings	16.56	(25.65)
Repayment of Short Term Borrowings	(224.17)	
Finance Costs Paid	(131.65)	(146.03)
Net Cash from / (used) in financing activities	(C) <u>(440.05)</u>	<u>(316.26)</u>
Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(A+B+C) 223.73	(21.34)
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Opening Balance		
Cash and Cash Equivalents [Note 10]	34.72	56.06
Closing Balance		
Cash and Cash Equivalents [Note 10]	258.45	34.72

1. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect Method as set out in the Ind AS-7 on Statement of Cash Flow.
2. The Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Cash Flow Statement.
3. Previous year's figures have been regrouped or rearranged, wherever necessary.

B M Chatrath & Co LLP
Firm Registration Number - 301011E /E300025
Chartered Accountants

Priya Agarwal
Partner
Membership Number - 303874
Kolkata, 31st May, 2023

S. Pal
Chief Executive
and Financial Officer

B. K. Parasrampur
Company Secretary

V. Goenka
Chairman

Form AOC - 1

[Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Associate Companies

Part "B" : Associates

Statement pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associated Companies

Name of Associate	Warren Tea Limited
1 Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31st March, 2023
2 Date on which the Associate was associated	8th March, 2017
3 Shares of Associate held by the Company on the year end	
Number	3196448
Amount of Investment in Associate (₹ in Lakhs)	2984.89
Extent of Holding %	26.75%
4 Description of how there is significant influence	Holding directly 20% or more of the voting power
5 Reason why the associate is not consolidated	Financial Statements are consolidated in accordance with the applicable Indian Accounting Standard
6 Networth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet (₹ in Lakhs)	2249.64
7 (Loss) for the year (₹ in Lakhs)	(495.54)
(i) Considered in Consolidation	(132.56)
(ii) Not Considered in Consolidation	(362.98)

Kolkata, 31st May, 2023

S. Pal
Chief Executive
and Financial Officer

B. K. Parasrampur
Company Secretary

S. Pal
Chairman

Our Properties



Vesta International Luxury Redefined

S-3, Linking Road, Near Ajmer Pulia,
Gopalbadi, Jaipur - 302001
Rajasthan, India

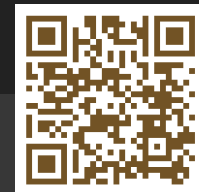
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